

Ken Carpenter: Present  
Justin Glanzer: Present  
Craig Grams: Present  
Richard Jacobsen: Present  
Kevin Raun: Present  
Rusty Rhynalds: Absent  
Present: 5, Absent: 1.

1. Call to Order

Motion to excuse Rusty Rhynalds. This motion, made by Justin Glanzer and seconded by Richard Jacobsen, Passed.

Rusty Rhynalds: Absent, Ken Carpenter: Yea, Justin Glanzer: Yea, Craig Grams: Yea, Richard Jacobsen: Yea, Kevin Raun: Yea  
Yea: 5, Nay: 0, Absent: 1

2. Public Comment

3. Consent Agenda

Motion to approve the Consent Agenda. This motion, made by Ken Carpenter and seconded by Kevin Raun, Passed.

Rusty Rhynalds: Absent, Ken Carpenter: Yea, Justin Glanzer: Yea, Craig Grams: Yea, Richard Jacobsen: Yea, Kevin Raun: Yea  
Yea: 5, Nay: 0, Absent: 1

a. Consider Minutes from November 11 Meeting

b. Consider Financial Reports

c. Consider Expenditures and Claims for Payment

4. Reports

a. Board Committees

b. Principals

c. Superintendent

d. Other

5. Policy Review and Updates

6. Action Items

a. Consider, Discuss, and Take Action on Bids for Removal of Real Property

Motion to give the superintendent the authority to solicit bids for the removal of property. This motion, made by Kevin Raun and seconded by Justin Glanzer, Passed.

Rusty Rhynalds: Absent, Ken Carpenter: Yea, Justin Glanzer: Yea, Craig Grams: Yea, Richard Jacobsen: Yea, Kevin Raun: Yea  
Yea: 5, Nay: 0, Absent: 1

b. Consider, Discuss, and Take Action on New Certified Staff Contract

Motion to approve the contract with Hugo Madera Hernandez as 4-12 Vocal Music Teacher for the second semester of the 2019-20 school year. This motion, made by Justin Glanzer and seconded by Ken Carpenter, Passed.

Rusty Rhynalds: Absent, Ken Carpenter: Yea, Justin Glanzer: Yea, Craig Grams: Yea, Richard Jacobsen: Yea, Kevin Raun: Yea  
Yea: 5, Nay: 0, Absent: 1

- c. Consider, Discuss, and Take Action on MEA Certified Teacher Negotiations  
Motion to approve the 2020-21 and 2021-22 agreement with the Minden Education Association for a 3.65% total package increase and a base salary of \$37,250 for 2020-21 and base salary of \$37,650 for 2021-22. This motion, made by Craig Grams and seconded by Justin Glanzer, Passed.

Rusty Rhynalds: Absent, Richard Jacobsen: Abstain (With Conflict), Ken Carpenter: Yea, Justin Glanzer: Yea, Craig Grams: Yea, Kevin Raun: Yea  
Yea: 4, Nay: 0, Absent: 1, Abstain (With Conflict): 1

- d. Consider, Discuss, and Take Action to Approve the Nebraska Social Studies Standards

Motion to approve the Nebraska Social Studies Standards. This motion, made by Craig Grams and seconded by Richard Jacobsen, Passed.

Rusty Rhynalds: Absent, Ken Carpenter: Yea, Justin Glanzer: Yea, Craig Grams: Yea, Richard Jacobsen: Yea, Kevin Raun: Yea  
Yea: 5, Nay: 0, Absent: 1

7. Additional Information

8. Next Meeting

9. Adjournment

Motion to adjourn at 5:44pm. This motion, made by Ken Carpenter and seconded by Justin Glanzer, Passed.

Rusty Rhynalds: Absent, Ken Carpenter: Yea, Justin Glanzer: Yea, Craig Grams: Yea, Richard Jacobsen: Yea, Kevin Raun: Yea  
Yea: 5, Nay: 0, Absent: 1

**MINDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS  
BOARD OF EDUCATION  
November 11, 2019**

The agenda for the November 11, 2019 meeting was posted at the United States Post Office in Minden, Minden Exchange Bank, First Bank and Trust Company, Kearney County Courthouse, and the Minden city office. Agendas were mailed to the United States Post Office in Upland and Heartwell. The agenda was posted in the superintendent's office and notice was published in the local paper.

The board meeting began at 7:30 pm with all board members present.

Public comment was heard from Minden High School Student Chloe Beck, Lisa Clapper, Katie Sinsel.

Motion by Carpenter and second by Glanzer to approve the consent agenda consisting of minutes from the October 14 and October 28 meetings, financial reports, and claims for payment. Roll call: Carpenter, aye; Glanzer, aye; Grams, aye; Jacobsen, aye; Raun, aye; Rhynalds, aye. Motion carried.

Motion by Rhynalds and second by Glanzer to approve High School Psychology Class field trip to Norton, KS. Roll call: Carpenter, aye; Glanzer, aye; Grams, aye; Jacobsen, aye; Raun, aye; Rhynalds, aye. Motion carried.

Motion by Glanzer and second by Raun to approve the district audit. Roll call: Carpenter, aye; Glanzer, aye; Grams, aye; Jacobsen, aye; Raun, aye; Rhynalds, aye. Motion carried.

Motion by Grams and second by Jacobsen to approve the Revised Agreement for Educational Services with Axtell Community Schools. Roll call: Carpenter, aye; Glanzer, aye; Grams, aye; Jacobsen, aye; Raun, aye; Rhynalds, aye. Motion carried.

Motion by Rhynalds and second by Carpenter that the Board should adopt the following Resolutions: WHEREAS, the current House located at 509 W. 5<sup>th</sup> Street, Minden, Nebraska, (hereinafter referred to as the "House"), is determined to be surplus property; and, WHEREAS, it is in the best interests of the Minden Public Schools and the Minden, Nebraska community that the House, but not the underlying real property (hereinafter "Lot") be sold by sealed bid in "as is" condition, and including all remaining contents, appliances and furnishings located in the house after removal of all personal property desired by the School District; such sale to be conditioned on the removal of the House from the Lot on a date to be determined with sealed bids taken on or before December 6, 2019, with the cost and risk related to the removal of the House from the Lot to be borne exclusively by the purchaser. NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Board of Education of this School District should, and does, hereby approve the sale of the House located at 509 W. 5<sup>th</sup> Street, Minden, Nebraska, such sale to be by sealed bids for the purchase of the House in its "as is" condition, and including all remaining contents, appliances and furnishings located in the house after removal of all personal property desired by the School District; with such sale to be conditioned on the removal of the House from the Lot on a date to be determined, with the cost and risk related to the removal of the House to be Removed from Site to be borne exclusively by the purchaser. THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Board of Education of this School District should, and does authorize and direct the Administration to take all action necessary for the sale of the House or be Removed from Site in the manner set forth in this Resolution, and take all other action necessary to conduct such sealed bid sale and complete the sale process, including, but not limited to, advertising such sale and the terms thereof, conducting pre-bid informational meetings, bid opening, and necessary governmental permits and licenses, closure of such

sale, and the preparation of deeds or documents attendant to such sale. Roll call: Carpenter, aye; Glanzer, aye; Grams, aye; Jacobsen, aye; Raun, aye; Rhynalds, aye. Motion carried.

Motion by Grams and second by Carpenter to approve an Ag Education Program at Minden High School for the 2020-21 school year. Roll call: Carpenter, aye; Glanzer, aye; Grams, aye; Jacobsen, aye; Raun, aye; Rhynalds, aye. Motion carried.

At 8:50 pm, motion by Carpenter and second by Glanzer to adjourn the meeting. Roll call: Carpenter, aye; Glanzer, aye; Grams, aye; Jacobsen, aye; Raun, aye; Rhynalds, aye. Motion carried.

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Secretary, Board of Education

## 2019/20 Projections vs. Actuals for General Fund As of November 30, 2019

### Income

2019/20 Budgeted Income = \$10,507,481.32

Month	Projected Income	Actual Income	Over/(Under) Projection	Running Balance Over/(Under) Projection
September	\$2,017,436.41	\$1,941,671.95	(\$75,764.46)	(\$75,764.46)
October	\$577,911.47	\$654,085.97	\$76,174.50	\$410.04
November	\$145,003.24	\$200,345.19	\$55,341.95	\$55,751.99
December	\$142,901.75			
January	\$1,731,632.92			
February	\$838,497.01			
March	\$551,642.77			
April	\$501,206.86			
May	\$2,718,285.42			
June	\$971,942.02			
July	\$113,480.80			
August	\$197,540.67			

### Cash Flow

Month	Projected Cash Flow	Actual Cash Flow	Over/(Under) Projection	Running Balance Over/(Under) Projection
September	\$958,716.40	\$928,709.07	(\$30,007.33)	(\$30,007.33)
October	(\$335,560.78)	(\$192,226.11)	\$143,334.67	\$113,327.34
November	(\$784,355.48)	(\$669,489.61)	\$114,865.87	\$228,193.21
December	(\$768,301.00)			
January	\$831,777.65			
February	(\$74,975.24)			
March	(\$357,290.48)			
April	(\$415,669.63)			
May	\$1,752,614.76			
June	(\$2,806.63)			
July	(\$807,934.68)			
August	(\$836,214.89)			

### Expenses

2019/20 Budgeted Expenses = \$11,347,481.32

Month	Projected Expenses	Actual Expenses	Over/(Under) Projection	Running Balance Over/(Under) Projection
September	\$1,058,720.01	\$1,012,962.88	(\$45,757.13)	(\$45,757.13)
October	\$913,472.25	\$846,312.08	(\$67,160.17)	(\$112,917.30)
November	\$929,358.72	\$869,834.80	(\$59,523.92)	(\$172,441.22)
December	\$911,202.75			
January	\$899,855.27			
February	\$913,472.25			
March	\$908,933.25			
April	\$916,876.49			
May	\$965,670.66			
June	\$974,748.65			
July	\$921,415.48			
August	\$1,033,755.56			

### General Fund Balance

Beginning Reconciled GF Balance = \$2,560,021.43

Month	Projected GF Balance	Actual Reconciled GF Balance	Over/(Under) Projection
September	\$3,518,737.83	\$3,488,730.50	(\$30,007.33)
October	\$3,183,177.05	\$3,296,504.39	\$113,327.34
November	\$2,398,821.57	\$2,627,014.78	\$228,193.21
December	\$1,630,520.57		
January	\$2,462,298.22		
February	\$2,387,322.98		
March	\$2,030,032.50		
April	\$1,614,362.87		
May	\$3,366,977.63		
June	\$3,364,171.00		
July	\$2,556,236.32		
August	\$1,720,021.43		

MINDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS  
TREASURER'S REPORT  
November 30, 2019

SCHOOL BALANCE - October 31, 2019		\$183,847.34
Current Months Receipts		\$199,726.41
Transfers from Investments		\$690,000.00
Total Beginning Balance and Receipts		\$1,073,573.75
Less: Disbursements		\$870,638.92
Transfer to Investments		\$0.00
Total Disbursements		\$870,638.92
SCHOOL BALANCE - November 30, 2019		\$202,934.83
BALANCE PER BANK STATEMENT - November 30, 2019		\$209,900.31
Deposits In Transit		\$0.00
LESS : Outstanding Checks		\$6,965.48
RECONCILED BANK BALANCE - November 30, 2019		\$202,934.83
(Balance - November 30, 2018 = \$55,659.40)		
 GENERAL FUND INVESTMENTS		 \$2,424,079.95
Money Market Minden Exchange	\$1,146,103.36	0.65% demand
Money Market First Bank	\$1,277,976.59	0.71% demand
(Balance November 30, 2018 = \$2,446,606.78)		
 DEPRECIATION FUND INVESTED		 \$684,447.88
Money Market Minden Exchange Bank	\$4,399.29	0.65% demand
Money Market First Bank	\$118,229.16	0.71% demand
NE Liquid Asset Fund - Depreciation Fund	\$561,814.24	1.48% demand
Checking Minden Exchange Bank	\$5.19	
(Balance November 30, 2018 = \$1,081,375.99)		
 BUILDING FUND		 \$2,233,194.61
Money Market Minden Exchange Bank	\$382,802.29	0.65% demand
Money Market First Bank	\$58,027.61	0.51% demand
NE Liquid Asset Fund - Building Fund	\$1,792,360.21	1.48% demand
Checking Minden Exchange Bank	\$4.50	
(Balance November 30, 2018 = \$2,864,084.75)		
 BOND FUND		 \$2,252,416.73
Money Market Minden Exchange Bank	\$979,130.70	0.65% demand
NE Liquid Asset Fund - Bond Fund	\$1,273,286.03	1.48% demand
(Balance November 30, 2018 = \$2,604,121.41)		
 LUNCH FUND		 \$22,269.15
Money Market First Bank	\$4,246.37	0.21% demand
Checking First Bank	\$18,022.78	
(Balance November 30, 2018 = \$54,366.51)		
 FUNDS PLEDGED FOR DEPOSITS		
Minden Exchange Bank	\$4,306,418.75	Plus 250M FDIC
First Bank	\$2,250,000.00	Plus 250M FDIC

Scott W. Johnson, Treasurer

MINDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS  
 TREASURER'S REPORT SUPPLEMENT  
 ACCOUNT RECONCILIATIONS  
 November 30, 2019

Bank	Account #	Beginning Balance	Plus: Receipts	Plus/(Minus) Transfers	Minus: Expenditures	Ending/ Reconciled Balance	Previous Year Ending Balance
<b>General Fund</b>							
MEB	401505	\$183,847.34	\$199,726.41	\$690,000.00	\$870,638.92	\$202,934.83	\$55,659.40
MEB	601096	\$1,835,425.80	\$677.56	(\$690,000.00)	\$0.00	\$1,146,103.36	\$1,177,669.03
FB&T	801472	\$1,277,231.25	\$745.34	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,277,976.59	\$1,268,937.75
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>\$3,296,504.39</b>	<b>\$201,149.31</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$870,638.92</b>	<b>\$2,627,014.78</b>	<b>\$2,502,266.18</b>
<b>Depreciation Fund</b>							
MEB	401919	\$5.19	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$5.19	\$0.50
MEB	613109	\$4,397.02	\$2.27	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,399.29	\$4,370.87
FB&T	807982	\$118,160.21	\$68.95	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$118,229.16	\$530,590.30
NLAF	9300656	\$561,427.74	\$386.50	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$561,814.24	\$546,414.32
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>\$683,990.16</b>	<b>\$457.72</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$684,447.88</b>	<b>\$1,081,375.99</b>
<b>Building Fund</b>							
MEB	106690	\$4.50	\$0.00	\$69,604.40	\$69,604.40	\$4.50	\$1.47
MEB	603209	\$452,200.43	\$206.26	(\$69,604.40)	\$0.00	\$382,802.29	\$1,069,128.75
FB&T	801407	\$58,003.30	\$24.31	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$58,027.61	\$57,732.49
NLAF	9300655	\$1,791,074.75	\$1,285.46	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,792,360.21	\$1,737,222.04
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>\$2,301,282.98</b>	<b>\$1,516.03</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$69,604.40</b>	<b>\$2,233,194.61</b>	<b>\$2,864,084.75</b>
<b>Bond Fund</b>							
MEB	620112	\$956,996.76	\$22,133.94	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$979,130.70	\$2,604,121.41
NLAF	9300692	\$1,249,014.18	\$25,374.35	\$0.00	\$1,102.50	\$1,273,286.03	\$0.00
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>\$2,206,010.94</b>	<b>\$47,508.29</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$1,102.50</b>	<b>\$2,252,416.73</b>	<b>\$2,604,121.41</b>
<b>Lunch Fund</b>							
FB&T	990119	\$24,636.05	\$39,835.34	\$0.00	\$46,448.61	\$18,022.78	\$50,129.06
FB&T	801399	\$4,245.64	\$0.73	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,246.37	\$4,237.45
	<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>\$28,881.69</b>	<b>\$39,836.07</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$46,448.61</b>	<b>\$22,269.15</b>	<b>\$54,366.51</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>		<b>\$8,516,670.16</b>	<b>\$290,467.42</b>	<b>\$0.00</b>	<b>\$987,794.43</b>	<b>\$7,819,343.15</b>	<b>\$9,106,214.84</b>

# General Fund Expenditures

Account Description	Adopted Budget	Disbursed	Remaining Balance	Percent Spent
01100 - Regular Instruction	\$5,267,100.58	\$1,738,259.36	\$3,528,841.22	33.00
01125 - Academic Intervention (Flex Funding)	\$82,902.56	\$27,504.16	\$55,398.40	33.18
01200 - School Age SPED	\$1,067,059.47	\$301,489.02	\$765,570.45	28.25
01291 - Preschool Age 3-5	\$30,252.82	\$1,968.90	\$28,283.92	6.51
01292 - Preschool Age 0-2	\$3,111.63	\$0.00	\$3,111.63	0.00
01300 - Summer School	\$15,039.18	\$0.00	\$15,039.18	0.00
02120 - Guidance Counselor	\$313,604.76	\$104,681.85	\$208,922.91	33.38
02130 - Health Services	\$62,413.74	\$22,579.77	\$39,833.97	36.18
02140 - School Psychologist	\$66,279.44	\$22,139.98	\$44,139.46	33.40
02151 - Speech Path & Deaf Ed	\$141,268.09	\$45,620.37	\$95,647.72	32.29
02152 - Speech Path & Deaf Ed	\$5,118.40	\$1,527.21	\$3,591.19	29.84
02161 - Occupational Therapy	\$20,500.00	\$3,879.60	\$16,620.40	18.92
02171 - Physical Therapy	\$13,500.00	\$5,124.00	\$8,376.00	37.96
02172 - Physical Therapy	\$100.00	\$183.00	(\$83.00)	183.00
02173 - Physical Therapy	\$750.00	\$61.00	\$689.00	8.13
02190 - Student Activities	\$212,890.52	\$69,577.42	\$143,313.10	32.68
02213 - Instructional Staff Training	\$2,500.00	\$2,309.32	\$190.68	92.37
02220 - Media Center	\$275,079.37	\$95,802.85	\$179,276.52	34.83
02240 - Assessment Coordinator	\$10,016.95	\$3,056.08	\$6,960.87	30.51
02310 - Board of Education	\$47,500.00	\$14,914.00	\$32,586.00	31.40
02320 - Superintendent	\$268,648.86	\$90,482.97	\$178,165.89	33.68
02330 - District Legal Services	\$100,000.00	\$19,275.90	\$80,724.10	19.28
02410 - Principal	\$614,883.19	\$206,350.21	\$408,532.98	33.56
02510 - Business Office	\$194,225.50	\$52,848.50	\$141,377.00	27.21
02610 - Custodial	\$758,586.37	\$303,448.98	\$455,137.39	40.00
02620 - Building Maintenance	\$514,663.21	\$63,334.80	\$451,328.41	12.31
02630 - Grounds Maintenance	\$193,844.69	\$36,572.92	\$157,271.77	18.87
02640 - Equipment Repair & Maintenance	\$48,298.70	\$21,581.43	\$26,717.27	44.68
02650 - Non-Pupil Vehicle	\$49,500.00	\$29,315.41	\$20,184.59	59.22
02660 - Security	\$11,000.00	\$3,639.00	\$7,361.00	33.08
02670 - Safety	\$12,560.00	\$1,802.84	\$10,757.16	14.35
02710 - School Bus Driving	\$278,443.53	\$66,643.67	\$211,799.86	23.93
02712 - School Age SPED Driving	\$2,198.83	\$438.01	\$1,760.82	19.92
02713 - Below Age 5 SPED Driving	\$10,493.10	\$1,538.25	\$8,954.85	14.66
02730 - School Bus Driving Vehicle Maintenance	\$199,230.69	\$28,571.68	\$170,659.01	14.34
02732 - School Age SPED Vehicle Maintenance	\$2,000.00	\$3.38	\$1,996.62	0.17
03535 - High Ability Learners	\$62,897.14	\$15,501.67	\$47,395.47	24.65
06200 - Title IA	\$126,002.00	\$35,834.29	\$90,167.71	28.44
06310 - Title IIA	\$41,804.00	\$23,397.76	\$18,406.24	55.97
06406 - IDEA Preschool (619) Base Allocation	\$2,124.00	\$0.00	\$2,124.00	0.00
06408 - IDEA Part B (611)	\$164,810.00	\$109,232.98	\$55,577.02	66.28
06412 - IDEA Non-Public	\$4,280.00	\$4,280.00	\$0.00	100.00
06700 - Carl Perkins	\$0.00	\$300.00	(\$300.00)	
08000 - Transfers (Outgoing)	\$50,000.00	\$30,000.00	\$20,000.00	60.00
09000 - Reimbursed by Other Funds/Entities	\$0.00	\$1,539.11	(\$1,539.11)	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$11,347,481.32</b>	<b>\$ 3,606,611.65</b>	<b>\$ 7,740,869.67</b>	<b>31.78%</b>

# Bank Statement Reconciliation

Description

Adjustment Date

Adjustment Amount

Minden High School

11/01/2019 through 11/30/2019

## Bank Statement Reconciliation Summary

Statement Balance	\$ 336,530.38
- Outstanding checks	\$ 15,704.69
+ Outstanding Deposits	\$ 0.00
+ Outstanding Adjustments	\$ 0.00
- Outstanding Investment Transfers	\$ 0.00
Total	\$ 320,825.69
+ Investments	\$ 37,000.00
Book Balance	\$ 357,825.69

# Checks For Payment Listing

Date	Check Number	Payee	Reason	Amount
12/11/2019	475	Ameritas Life Insurance Corp.	Ameritas Tsa	\$ 500.00
12/11/2019	476	Ameritas Life Insurance Corp..	Vision Insurance	\$ 1,024.83
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	Dental Insurance	\$ 682.56
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	District Dental Insurance	\$ 134.36
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	District Health Ins 2PT	\$ 31,316.40
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	District Health Ins 9 Mo	\$ 15,375.50
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	District Health Ins FAM	\$ 85,365.35
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	District Health Ins SNG	\$ 8,452.51
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	District Health Ins SPD	\$ 5,764.80
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	District Health Ins Split	\$ 1,742.15
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	Feba Bcbs Dental 2PT	\$ 700.04
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	Feba Bcbs Dental FAM	\$ 1,166.54
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	Feba Bcbs Dental SPD	\$ 147.48
12/11/2019	477	Blue Cross Blue Shield	Health Insurance	\$ 703.50
12/11/2019	478	Horace Mann Life Insurance Company	Horace Mann Life Insurance	\$ 1,975.00
12/11/2019	479	Madison National Life Insurance Co., Inc.	Feba Life Insurance	\$ 390.29
12/11/2019	479	Madison National Life Insurance Co., Inc.	Long-Term Disability	\$ 1,171.57
12/11/2019	479	Madison National Life Insurance Co., Inc.	Term Life Policy	\$ 384.10
12/11/2019	480	Merchant Credit Adjusters, Inc.	Merchants Credit Adjusters, Inc.	\$ 16.32
12/11/2019	481	Minden Public Schools	District Court	\$ 1,261.00
12/11/2019	481	Minden Public Schools	F/b Dependent Care	\$ 2,638.91
12/11/2019	481	Minden Public Schools	F/b Medical Dental	\$ 3,622.26
12/11/2019	481	Minden Public Schools	Increased Retirement Percent	\$ 12,311.27
12/11/2019	481	Minden Public Schools	NE Retirement	\$ 83,535.07
12/11/2019	482	Mps Payroll	Federal Withholding	\$ 38,844.84
12/11/2019	482	Mps Payroll	FICA	\$ 60,931.58
12/11/2019	482	Mps Payroll	Medicare	\$ 14,366.72
12/11/2019	483	Mps Payroll NE Income Tax	State Withholding - NE	\$ 17,126.34
12/11/2019	484	New York Life	Ny Life Tsa	\$ 200.00
12/11/2019	485	Alpha Rehabilitation, P.C.	Speech & OT Services	\$ 329.97
12/11/2019	486	Amazon Capital Services, Inc.	HS Office Supplies	\$ 138.00
12/11/2019	486	Amazon Capital Services, Inc.	HS Supplies	\$ 218.00
12/11/2019	486	Amazon Capital Services, Inc.	MS Life Skills Supplies	\$ 93.36
12/11/2019	487	American Electric Kearney	LED Bulbs	\$ 6,875.00
12/11/2019	488	Antelope Sprinkler Systems	Sprinkler Winterization	\$ 150.00
12/11/2019	489	Apptegy, Inc.	Website & Media Platform	\$ 3,500.00
12/11/2019	490	Aurora Cooperative	Fuel Purchases	\$ 2,952.68
12/11/2019	491	Axtell Community Schools	HS SPED Contracted Services	\$ 3,049.92
12/11/2019	491	Axtell Community Schools	Quiz Bowl Registration	\$ 50.00
12/11/2019	492	Black Hills Energy	East Natural Gas	\$ 782.07
12/11/2019	492	Black Hills Energy	MS Natural Gas	\$ 1,209.59
12/11/2019	492	Black Hills Energy	MS/HS Natural Gas	\$ 3,078.68
12/11/2019	492	Black Hills Energy	Rental House Natural Gas	\$ 50.25
12/11/2019	493	Bosselman Energy, Inc.	Kerosene Barrel & Pump	\$ 272.25
12/11/2019	494	BSN Sports	MS Basketball Supplies	\$ 132.30
12/11/2019	495	Cardmember Service	Camera	\$ 1,270.00
12/11/2019	495	Cardmember Service	Fire Replacement	\$ 2,299.99
12/11/2019	495	Cardmember Service	HS Journalism Supplies	\$ 157.00
12/11/2019	495	Cardmember Service	HS Media Center Subscription	\$ 5.00
12/11/2019	495	Cardmember Service	MS Supplies	\$ 48.91
12/11/2019	495	Cardmember Service	State Education Conference Lodging	\$ 2,203.18
12/11/2019	495	Cardmember Service	State Education Conference Meals	\$ 240.47

# Checks For Payment Listing

Date	Check Number	Payee	Reason	Amount
12/11/2019	495	Cardmember Service	Travel Expenses	\$ 347.29
12/11/2019	496	Cash-wa Distributing Co.	Ice machine Cleaner	\$ 92.50
12/11/2019	497	Century Link Long Distance	Long Distance Telephone	\$ 17.00
12/11/2019	498	CenturyLink - Regular Telephone	Telephone Services	\$ 519.84
12/11/2019	499	City Of Minden	Rental Utilities	\$ 72.56
12/11/2019	499	City Of Minden	Utilities	\$ 21,242.44
12/11/2019	500	Clearly Communications	Telephone Services	\$ 245.67
12/11/2019	501	Coach Masters, Inc.	Coach Bus Repair	\$ 357.81
12/11/2019	502	Conditioned Air Mechanical Systems & Service	HVAC Maintenance & Repair	\$ 4,200.00
12/11/2019	503	Cornhusker Marriott Hotel (The)	NMEC Lodging	\$ 222.00
12/11/2019	504	Dana F. Cole & Company, LLP	Audit Services	\$ 2,900.00
12/11/2019	505	DAS State Accounting - Central Finance	Network Nebraska Fees	\$ 438.08
12/11/2019	506	Dollar General	HS Life Skills & Central Office Supplies	\$ 5.00
12/11/2019	506	Dollar General	Preschool Supplies	\$ 8.60
12/11/2019	507	Eakes Office Solutions	HS Office Supplies	\$ 98.00
12/11/2019	508	Edgerton Explorit Center	6th Grade Field Trip Entry Fees	\$ 513.00
12/11/2019	509	Educational Service Unit #10	Deaf Ed & School Psych Services	\$ 1,793.90
12/11/2019	509	Educational Service Unit #10	Teaching & Learning Workshop Registrations	\$ 70.00
12/11/2019	510	Educational Service Unit #11	1st Quarter SPED Billing	\$ 2,645.07
12/11/2019	510	Educational Service Unit #11	Training Fees & 1st Semester HAL	\$ 6,017.36
12/11/2019	511	Egan Supply Co.	East Floor Scrubber Repair Freight	\$ 12.41
12/11/2019	511	Egan Supply Co.	HS Floor Scrubber	\$ 10,518.07
12/11/2019	512	Engineered Controls, Inc.	East HVAC Repair	\$ 1,218.90
12/11/2019	513	Family Physical Therapy & Sports Center, P.C.	PT & OT Services	\$ 4,544.50
12/11/2019	514	Fintie, LLC	MS iPad Covers	\$ 839.40
12/11/2019	515	Franklin Public Schools	Quiz Bowl Registrations	\$ 50.00
12/11/2019	516	Hometown Leasing	Copier Lease & Printing Charges	\$ 3,900.00
12/11/2019	517	Justin Glanzer	State Education Conference Mileage	\$ 226.20
12/11/2019	518	Kearney Hub	Employment Advertising	\$ 254.72
12/11/2019	519	Kearney Winnelson Co.	Bus Barn Water Softener	\$ 668.97
12/11/2019	520	Ken Carpenter	State Education Conference Mileage	\$ 220.40
12/11/2019	521	Landmark Implement Carquest	Bus 00A Repair	\$ 20.86
12/11/2019	521	Landmark Implement Carquest	Fuel Treatment & Bus 00A Repair	\$ 139.50
12/11/2019	521	Landmark Implement Carquest	HCV & 7V1 Repair	\$ 258.21
12/11/2019	521	Landmark Implement Carquest	Shop Supplies	\$ 38.97
12/11/2019	522	Lifeguard MD, Inc.	AED Defibrillator Pads	\$ 407.00
12/11/2019	523	Mackin Book Company	HS Library Books	\$ 257.85
12/11/2019	524	Mason's Market	East Life Skills Supplies	\$ 37.06
12/11/2019	524	Mason's Market	FCS Cooking Supplies	\$ 208.79
12/11/2019	524	Mason's Market	HS Life Skills Supplies	\$ 38.29
12/11/2019	524	Mason's Market	Kindergarten Supplies	\$ 14.16
12/11/2019	525	Matheson Tri-Gas, Inc.	HS Metals Shop Supplies	\$ 105.46
12/11/2019	526	Menards	HS Building Supplies	\$ 20.60
12/11/2019	527	Minden Courier	Board Postings	\$ 68.67
12/11/2019	528	Minden Hardware	Supplies & Repairs	\$ 428.96
12/11/2019	529	Minden Lumber & Concrete	East Building Supplies	\$ 2.99
12/11/2019	529	Minden Lumber & Concrete	Grounds Supplies	\$ 27.48
12/11/2019	529	Minden Lumber & Concrete	MS Repair	\$ 1.61
12/11/2019	530	Minden Machine Shop, Inc.	FB Flag Pole Repair	\$ 754.61
12/11/2019	531	Minden Office Supply	Business Office Supplies	\$ 20.92
12/11/2019	531	Minden Office Supply	Transportation Supplies	\$ 44.89
12/11/2019	532	Mps Lunch Fund M.s.	Transfer to Lunch Fund	\$ 30,000.00

# Checks For Payment Listing

Date	Check Number	Payee	Reason	Amount
12/11/2019	533	Mps Petty Cash	Postage	\$ 39.95
12/11/2019	534	Napa Auto Parts	Building Repair Supplies	\$ 12.99
12/11/2019	534	Napa Auto Parts	Bus 00A Wiper Blades	\$ 14.88
12/11/2019	534	Napa Auto Parts	Transportation Supplies	\$ 169.16
12/11/2019	535	NCSA	Fall Ed Tech Conference	\$ 566.00
12/11/2019	536	Northwest Evaluation Association	NWEA Reading Fluency	\$ 675.00
12/11/2019	537	Omaha World Herald	Employment Advertising	\$ 1,610.00
12/11/2019	538	One Source	November Background Checks	\$ 65.00
12/11/2019	539	Pearson Clinical Assessment	Testing Supplies	\$ 28.00
12/11/2019	540	Perry, Guthery, Haase & Gessford, P.C., L.L.O	HS Construction Legal Fees - Water Damage	\$ 2,225.00
12/11/2019	540	Perry, Guthery, Haase & Gessford, P.C., L.L.O	Legal Fees	\$ 1,044.00
12/11/2019	541	Premier Agendas, Inc.	MS Supplies	\$ 72.87
12/11/2019	542	Presto-X Company	East Pest Control Services	\$ 42.00
12/11/2019	542	Presto-X Company	HS Pest Control Service	\$ 39.00
12/11/2019	542	Presto-X Company	MS Pest Control Services	\$ 46.00
12/11/2019	543	Spracklin Chiropractic	Bus Driver Physical	\$ 90.00
12/11/2019	544	TAESE/USU	Paraeducator Conference	\$ 420.00
12/11/2019	545	tenBensel, Michelle J	Tri-State SPED Law Conference Meals	\$ 29.10
12/11/2019	546	The Home Depot Pro	Custodial Supplies	\$ 946.86
12/11/2019	547	Timesavers, LLC	Wide Belt Sander Repair	\$ 887.66
12/11/2019	548	Tri-County Glass, Inc.	HS Door Repair	\$ 466.25
12/11/2019	549	Village Uniform	Custodial Supplies	\$ 67.02
12/11/2019	549	Village Uniform	East Mat & Mop Delivery	\$ 114.40
12/11/2019	549	Village Uniform	HS Mat & Mop Delivery	\$ 333.00
12/11/2019	549	Village Uniform	MS Mat & Mop Delivery	\$ 260.00
12/11/2019	550	Widdifield, James T	November Reimbursement	\$ 129.99
12/11/2019	551	William Macgill Co	Health Services Supplies	\$ 745.11
12/11/2019	552	Woodward's Disposal Service, Inc.	Shredding Services	\$ 52.00
12/11/2019	553	Wright Express Fleet Services	Fuel Purchases	\$ 808.19
12/11/2019	EFT	Minden Exchange Bank - EFT	Direct Deposit Fees	\$ 35.20
<b>Subtotal</b>				<b>\$ 530,149.11</b>
<b>Net Payroll - December 2019</b>				<b>\$ 347,352.78</b>
<b>Total General Fund Disbursements - December 2019</b>				<b>\$ 877,501.89</b>

Secretary Kenneth Carpenter

## Lunch Fund Checks and Liabilities

Check Number	Date	Payee	Reason	Amount
EFT	11/12/2019	Sysco - EFT	Commodities	\$6,584.35
EFT	11/12/2019	US Foods	Commodities	\$5,297.88
5514	11/12/2019	Hiland Dairy	Milk Products	\$3,783.84
5515	11/12/2019	Minden Hardware	Kitchen Supplies	\$7.99
5516	11/12/2019	Digi International	Temperature Monitor	\$405.00
5517	11/12/2019	Dollar General	Kitchen Supplies	\$36.25
5518	11/12/2019	Chesterman Company	Beverages	\$457.60
5519	11/12/2019	Cash-wa Distributing Co.	Commodities	\$7,874.93
5521	11/12/2019	Dornhoff, Nicole R	Lunch Account Refund	\$110.05
5522	11/12/2019	Mason's Market	Commodities	\$38.95
5523	11/12/2019	Minden Office Supply	Lunch Room Supplies	\$45.84
5524	11/12/2019	Village Uniform	Kitchen Apron & Rag Service	\$215.44
5525	11/12/2019	Apple Acres Orchard	Apples	\$192.00
123	12/11/2019	Ameritas Life Insurance Corp..	Vision Insurance Premiums	\$39.69
124	12/11/2019	Blue Cross Blue Shield	Health & Dental Insurance Premiums	\$4,945.06
125	12/11/2019	Madison National Life Insurance Co., Inc.	EE FEBA Life Insurance Premiums	\$16.38
125	12/11/2019	Madison National Life Insurance Co., Inc.	EE Life Insurance Premiums	\$5.50
125	12/11/2019	Madison National Life Insurance Co., Inc.	Long Term Disability	\$10.35
126	12/11/2019	Minden Public Schools	EE & ER Retirement Contributions	\$2,215.58
126	12/11/2019	Minden Public Schools	Employee FEBA - Medical/Dental	\$99.44
127	12/11/2019	Mps Payroll	EE & ER FICA, Medicare, & Federal Income Tax	\$2,099.74
128	12/11/2019	Mps Payroll NE Income Tax	EE Nebraska Income Tax Withholding	\$157.90
129	12/11/2019	Mps Payroll	EE & ER FICA & Medicare	\$59.90
<b>Subtotal</b>				<b>\$34,699.66</b>
<b>Net Payroll - December 2019</b>				<b>\$ 9,622.40</b>
<b>Total Lunch Fund Disbursements</b>				<b>\$ 44,322.06</b>

## Bond Fund Liabilities

Check Number	Date	Payee	Reason	Amount
EFT	12/11/2019	BOK Financial Corporation	2014 Series Bond Interest Payment	\$274,225.00
EFT	12/11/2019	BOK Financial Corporation	2014 Series Bond Held in Escrow (Early Refunding)	(\$76,625.00)
EFT	12/11/2019	BOK Financial Corporation	2014 Series Bond Semi-Annual Paying Agent Fee	\$200.00
EFT	12/11/2019	BOK Financial Corporation	2016 Series Bond Interest Payment	\$82,557.50
EFT	12/11/2019	BOK Financial Corporation	2016 Series Bond Principal Payment	\$765,000.00
EFT	12/11/2019	BOK Financial Corporation	2016 Series Bond Semi-Annual Paying Agent Fee	\$200.00
EFT	12/11/2019	BOK Financial Corporation	2017 Series Bond Interest Payment	\$54,068.75
EFT	12/11/2019	BOK Financial Corporation	2017- Series Bond Principal Payment	\$290,000.00
EFT	12/11/2019	BOK Financial Corporation	2017 Series Bond Semi-Annual Paying Agent Fee	\$200.00
<b>Total Bond Fund Disbursements - December 2019</b>				<b>\$1,389,826.25</b>

## Building Fund Liabilities

Check Number	Date	Payee	Reason	Amount
535	12/11/2019	W Design Associates, Inc.	New Bus Barn Architect Fees	\$6,213.75
535	12/11/2019	W Design Associates, Inc.	New Bus Barn Reimbursable Expenses	\$579.34
<b>Total Building Fund Disbursements - December 2019</b>				<b>\$6,793.09</b>



**MINDEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS**  
**ACTIVITIES/ATHLETIC DEPARTMENT**  
**Ed Rowse, Asst. Prin./Act. Dir.**

**622 W. 3rd Street**  
**Minden, NE 68959-1598**  
**308-832-2254 School**  
**308-832-1892 Fax**

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**DECEMBER 2019 BOARD MEETING**  
**ACTIVITIES DIRECTOR REPORT**

Jayne Hoban has input the numbers for all students involved in activities or sports so far this school year. This includes all fall sports, play production, and includes band, vocal, quiz bowl, art club, book club, FBLA, FCCLA, Tech club, National Honor Society, MW Club, SADD, Mock Trial and Spanish Club.

- There are 108 High School girls, 103 are involved in at least one of the activities/sports we offer. Eleven is the highest number of activities/sports any one girls is involved in and the average is 4-5.
- There are 123 high school boys, 98 are involved in at least one of the activities/sports we offer. Seven is the highest number of activities/sports that any one boy is involved in and the average is 3-4.

I am thankful for the number of students we have connected to other students as well as the coaches/sponsors who run their activities/sports. Over the years I have seen the advantages our students get by being involved in school based activities. The goal will always be to get more of our students involved/connected to the activities/sports we offer to allow them the opportunity for more positive experiences. I will report the numbers again in January after speech and the winter sports seasons are added to the totals.

Fall Sport Honors/Awards

Cross Country

- SWC-Jessie Hurt, Abby Rehtus, Jaden Donley, Konner Verbeck, Eric Iniquez, Charlie Hurt, and Cooper Land
- All District-Jessie Hurt, Abby Rehtus, Eric Iniquez, Konner Verbeck

Softball

- SWC-Bailee Schurmann and Sonny Sowles

Volleyball

- SWC-Jensen Rowse, Maylee Kamery, Hannah Boehler, and Bailey Rogers
- Nebraska Coaches Association All Star Volleyball Match-Jensen Rowse was chosen to play in this all star volleyball match in Lincoln on Tuesday, July 21st at Lincoln Northstar. Jensen is the 6th player from Minden to play in this match.

Football

All District-Eddie Gonzalez, Gage Lupkes, Sawyer Koch and Alex Banuelos

Minden Play Production has had a fantastic season so far. They won the Minden Rumble Nov. 16th and followed that up with a runner-up finish at SWC that we hosted as well. We will be hosting district play production Friday, December 6th starting at 9 am.

Winter Sports Teams

Our middle school girls basketball team has played three opponents and has three yet to play. The middle school wrestling team has competed in three contests and had one canceled due to weather. They have three more competitions to go with two contests at home on December 16th and 19th.

Our girls and boys high school basketball teams have competed in a Jamboree game against Pleasanton this past week and look forward to their first regular season games in Minden December 5th vs. Southern Valley. The girls team has 16 players and our boys team has 24 players on their roster. The high school wrestling team will compete in a dual @Centura Thursday, December 5th and an invite at Ravenna Friday, December 6th. The wrestling team has 29 boys on their roster.

The speech team has been getting some pre-season practice but will really get started when the play production season finishes.

November 20th our school sent Taylor Maulsby with eight sophomores and juniors to the Nebraska Coaches Association Leadership and Sportsmanship Summit at Kearney High. Their goal was to learn more about using their voice in our school and community by creating a positive environment and getting out of their comfort zone.

I am excited to get the winter season started and watch our students perform and compete in their activities and sports.

Ed Rowse

# Minden Public School Board of Education Report

## December, 2019

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Measurement of Academic Progress testing has begun at East Elementary. The assessment will be given to students in grades kindergarten through third. The results help to establish individual performance levels, monitor student growth, and guide teacher instruction. The assessment is also an approved assessment to meet the requirements of the Nebraska Reading Improvement Act.

During December, East and the preschool will be collecting non-perishable food items to donate to the local food pantry. It's one way we teach the importance of helping others in our community.

Spreading joy around East Elementary is an all year thing, however it is especially merry in the month of December. Students working with Mrs. Rhynalds, Miss O., and Miss Spady have begun running a once a week coffee cart called School Grounds. Teachers are able to order up a hot cup of joe on Thursdays and students will deliver it to them to start their day on Friday mornings. The lessons taught through this is endless. Amongst those skills are communication skills, responsibility, and finance details. It truly is a perk for teachers and students.

Mrs. Rowley, 2nd graders, and 3rd graders have been preparing for an amazing musical showcase presented at the Minden High School auditorium on December 16th at 2 o'clock and 7 o'clock.

### Sharing about our new teachers at East Elementary

*"I thought Mr. Pratt was going to be a good teacher, now I know he's a great teacher."*

*-3rd grade student*

*"Mrs. Boudreau is fun. I learn a lot."*

*-K student*

*"Miss Sitorius has created a well-oiled classroom environment."*

*-fellow staff member*

*"Miss Spady thinks outside the box and has valuable skills to share with students."*

*-fellow staff member*

*"Miss O. makes me feel important every day."*

*-1st grade student*

# Minden High School

## December 2019

### Board of Education Report



#### **1. 1st Semester Activities/Academics:**

I look back to the beginning of the school year and reflected how much ground our students and staff have covered this semester. I am blown away by our hardworking student-scholar/athletes and their work. Their never-ending endurance, tenacity, and the ability to balance academics, activities, family, and outside responsibilities is just amazing. Mr. Rowse shared with me our participation numbers and I am impressed by the number of students that are involved in multiple activities each semester. These students are often busy and away from home/school sometimes 2-3 nights a week. I often wonder how they keep it together. We have some amazing students here in Minden.

#### **2. One-Act Plays:**

I just wanted to congratulate our One-Act Play Team on an awesome season. The students poured their hearts into portraying what it felt like to be back at the North Platte Canteen during World War II. It was a wonderful, wonderful play that resonated with so many people.

I would also like to give a shout out to everyone that helped make sure the One Act Play Festival, the Southwest Conference One-Act Play Contest, and the District One Act Play Contest run smoothly. Many hours have gone into planning these events and they have been ran to near perfection. A few of the reasons why these events have been so successful: 1) Mr. Horner and Mr. Rowse have done a great job organizing people and resources. Finding volunteers to work these events can be a monumental task! 2) Great support staff-Cray Stubbs and Nate Porter do a great job making sure the building is clean and ready to go for these events. When you consider the One Act Play Festival included 14 schools and their guests coming through our building on a Saturday and the Conference and District One Act Contests include eight schools coming through our school DURING a regular school day, which is a feat in itself. 3. Great facilities- I just can not say this enough. Our theater, green rooms, unloading bay, the balcony w/the new glass panels, commons area, and the task! that allows us to house all those students at one time, honestly makes our facility one of the top in the state. We are so lucky to have such a wonderful facility to host these activities.

#### **2. Nebraska State Principals Conference:**

I will be attending the Nebr. Council of School Admin. Principals Conference in Lincoln on Dec. 12th-13th. The topics on the agenda include: Technology, classroom instruction, current legislation, and curbing student use of E-cigarettes/vaping.

#### **3. Shared Article Worth Reading:**

[Omaha World Herald: Kids don't need as much homework help as they think.](#)

## **4. Industrial Technology:**

### **Woods**

Approximately sixty students are utilizing the woodshop during this time of the year.

The advanced classes have been in the lab for a good portion of the year. Beginning students have been working in the lab for the past few weeks. Many large projects are being built again this year. We have everything from large kitchen storage centers, outdoor furniture, nightstands and many others being built. All the students are doing a great job again this year.

A new unit we are working with this year is a mass-production unit. I came up with the idea of mass-producing personalized cutting boards. We uploaded photos on to our website and have been taking orders for a month or so. I initially thought if we could get 30 or 40 orders I could do a mass-production unit with my students utilizing our new CNC router. We have taken over 130 orders and will begin production this week. Any proceeds will be regenerated back into the woodshop.

### **Computer-Aided Drafting (CAD)**

Students are developing a set of house plans again this year. The first six weeks or so students studied different types of homes and other attributes of designing a residential house. Since then students have developed a floor plan, foundation plan, door/window schedules and now they are working on the elevation plans. Each student will develop a full set of plans for a house of their choice.

I welcome any board member or patron to stop into the woodshop or drafting area and see what the students are creating and building. It's always good to see new faces in my area.

-Rick Chramosta

## **5. Ag. Education:**

Over the past month I have reached out to principals across the state seeking advice and insight on developing an Ag education program. I have received emails back from approximately 30 school districts across the state with suggestions, insights, and additional contacts, and that we will be able to use that information as we move forward. I will continue to keep Mr. Widdifield and the board updated on any new information that comes our way.

## **6. I ❤️ Public Schools: The Mind Inside Series**

The Mind Inside, an I Love Public Schools docuseries, explores the landscape of mental health issues in Nebraska schools. The initial episode lays the foundation for the series, establishing what life looks like in public schools today and how mental health impacts the classroom. Episode #1 includes the story of Reid Adler, a victim of cyberbullying and the inspiration behind the metro-area schools **#BeKind initiative**. The piece weaves together Reid's story, told by staff members at Ralston High School, and blends student voices that describe the realities of today's school experience, complicated by social media. With research indicating a clear relationship between the amount of time spent on social media and an inclination to feel depressed and anxious, the conversation about social media becomes deeply connected with mental health. Throughout the film, real students reveal the ways this impacts their daily lives. From peer pressure to sexting, picture-perfect selfies and online memes, expressing the difficult feelings and behaviors often associated with adolescence conflicts with the happy, image-focused Internet identity amassed in youth culture today. Links to the first two episodes are included below:

[The Mind Inside: Episode #1](#)

[The Mind Inside: Episode #2](#)



**Superintendent Report**

Meeting: December Board Meeting

Date: 12/10/19

Mr. Widdifield

=====

**Topics:**

Ag Education Community Meeting: I think the meeting went very well and we received some good feedback from the group. This will take time to fully implement, but this will allow us to work on making this program the best it can be.

Activities: The month of December is very busy and it is amazing how many activities happen in December. We have a great group of students that participate in several activities, along with the number of sponsors and administration that support these events. We are very fortunate to have a high participation number for all winter activities, that is not the case in other school districts.

Late Starts/No School: We work very hard to get the weather right and predict what is coming to our area. We take in data and other information to make these calls. There are a number of factors that I take into consideration. One is the timing of the call, what information we have, networking with other superintendents, impact on families, and the difference in weather across our own district. We have a span of kids from the age of 5 to 18. When we call for a late start there are kids home needing to get to school because their parents are at work. The number of drivers that are very young. We have encouraged parents outside of town to make the best decisions for their family and notify the school if their children will be late or not able to attend because of the weather.

Thank You: Thank you to the custodians and maintenance staff for working to get the school cleaned of snow and ice. Thank you to the board and board committees over the last month. I appreciate the help with facilities and negotiations.

# NEBRASKA SOCIAL STUDIES STANDARDS



# Nebraska Social Studies Standards

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## Content Area Standards

The Nebraska Social Studies Standards describe the knowledge and skills that students should learn, but they do not prescribe particular curriculum, lessons, teaching techniques, or activities. These standards create a framework for teaching and learning, and they articulate a trajectory for knowledge acquisition across all grade levels. This ensures that student learning builds on prior knowledge and becomes more in-depth over time. Standards describe what students are expected to know and be able to do, while the local curriculum and instructional materials are used to help students master the standards. Decisions about curriculum and instructional materials are made locally by individual school districts and classroom teachers. The Nebraska Department of Education does not mandate the curriculum or instructional materials used within a local school.

## Organization and Structure of Nebraska’s Social Studies Standards

The overall structure of Nebraska’s Social Studies Standards reflects the two-tier structure common across all Nebraska content area standards. The two levels include standards and indicators. At the broadest level, standards include broad, overarching content-based statements that describe the basic cognitive, affective, or psychomotor expectations of student learning. The standards, across all grade levels, reflect long-term goals for learning. Indicators further describe what students must know and be able to do to meet the standard and provide guidance related to classroom instruction. Additionally, the indicators provide guidance related to the assessment of student learning. In addition to standards and indicators, the Nebraska Social Studies standards provide examples. The “For example...” statements provide guidance relative to topics that may be included in the locally determined curriculum. These suggestions may be used to meet the learning expectations of the standards and indicators.

For grades K-8, the standards and indicators are written at grade level. The K-8 standards and indicators are organized within four **disciplines**: Civics, Economics, Geography, and History. Within those disciplines, standards and indicators are grouped by **big ideas**. Big ideas are concepts, themes, or issues that give meaning and connection to facts and skills (Wiggins and McTighe, 2005, p. 5). The high school standards and indicators are written within one grade band (HS = 9-12), and they are also organized by discipline and big ideas. Prior to each grade level and the high school grade band, a summary statement and theme are included. This provides a high-level overview of what students are expected to learn at that grade level.

In addition to a common structure for content area standards, a consistent numbering system is used for content area standards. The Nebraska Social Studies Standards numbering system is as follows:



## Kindergarten

### **Grade Level Summary and Theme**

*Myself and Others:* In kindergarten, students begin their investigation of the world using perspectives, concepts, and skills from social studies. The context for social studies learning at this grade level is the student's interaction with classroom and school. The classroom serves as a microcosm of society in which decisions are made with respect to rights, rules, and responsibilities. Students begin to learn the basic concepts of fairness and respect for the rights and opinions of others.

### **Civics**

#### ***Forms and Functions of Government***

SS K.1.1 Communicate the purpose of rules and the roles within learning and living environments.

SS K.1.1.a Describe a rule and analyze its purpose.

For example: safety, to make learning possible, to protect freedoms, to ensure consistency for all

SS K.1.1.b Identify roles in a family structure and explain their importance.

For example: head of household, primary caregiver, parent/guardian, elders, siblings

#### ***Civic Participation***

SS K.1.2 Demonstrate positive and productive citizenship skills.

SS K.1.2.a Model citizenship skills.

For example: respect, courtesy, honesty, voting, cultural virtues

SS K.1.2.b Communicate patriotic symbols, songs, actions, and cultural celebrations.

For example: U.S. Flag, Pledge of Allegiance, "Star-Spangled Banner," and "America the Beautiful," cultural songs

SS K.1.2.c Communicate historical background and significance of national holidays.

For example: George Washington's Birthday, Abraham Lincoln's Birthday, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.'s Birthday, Native American Heritage Day, Constitution Day, Memorial Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day

### **Economics**

#### ***Economic Decision Making***

SS K.2.1 Differentiate between wants and needs in decision-making.

SS K.2.1.a Classify wants and needs and explain subsequent choices.

**Financial Literacy**

SS K.2.2 Recognize money is used to purchase goods and services to satisfy economic wants and needs.

SS K.2.2.a Explain the purposes of money.

**Exchange and Markets**

SS K.2.3 Not addressed at this level

**National Economy**

SS K.2.4 Not addressed at this level

**Global Economy**

SS K.2.5 Not addressed at this level

**Geography**

**Location and Place**

SS K.3.1 Explore where (spatial) and why people, places and environments are organized in the world.

SS K.3.1.a Communicate personal directions to describe relative locations of people and objects.

For example: next to, over there, close to

SS K.3.1.b Identify locations in the school and around the classroom.

For example: left/right, up/down, front/back, over/under, near/far-supplies, trash can, pencil sharpener, other students, library, gym, office, restroom, cafeteria

SS K.3.1.c Identify geographic tools as representations of local and distant places.

For example: maps, globes, photographs, GPS (Global Positioning System)

SS K.3.1.d Identify the difference between land and water on a globe.

**Regions**

SS K.3.2 Explore places and regions.

SS K.3.2.a Identify physical characteristics of place.

For example: landforms, bodies of water, weather

SS K.3.2.b Identify human characteristics of place.

For example: cities, buildings, farms, roads, highways

**Human-Environment Interaction**

SS K.3.3 Explore the relationship between humans and their physical environment.

SS K.3.3.a Identify types of weather and the impact of weather on everyday life.

For example: rainy, snowy, sunny, cloudy, foggy - choice of clothing, rainouts

SS K.3.3.b Identify the four seasons.

SS K.3.3.c Inquire about how people prepare for and respond to severe weather.

For example: weather forecasting, tornado drills, winter clothing

**Movement**

SS K.3.4 Recognize that people belong to different groups and live in different settings.

SS K.3.4.a Identify students as members of various groups.

For example: scouts, sports, classrooms, families

SS K.3.4.b Identify places in the community where people may live.

For example: farms, houses, apartments

**Geospatial Skills and Geo-literacy**

SS K.3.5 Use geographic skills to make connections to students' lives.

SS K.3.5.a Apply geographic knowledge and techniques to navigate the classroom.

For example: Locate people or places in relation to each other, or make a fire evacuation plan for your home.

**History**

**Change, Continuity, and Context**

SS K.4.1 Recognize patterns of continuity and change over time in themselves and others.

SS K.4.1.a Identify concepts of time and chronology.

For example: yesterday, today, tomorrow

SS K.4.1.b Identify the sequence of personal events and their impact.

For example: daily schedule, timelines

**Multiple Perspectives**

SS K.4.2 Recognize different perspectives of events.

SS K.4.2.a Compare perspectives of self and others.  
For example: events that occurred on the playground

**Historical Analysis and Interpretation**

SS K.4.3 Identify historical people, events, and symbols.

SS K.4.3.a Recognize historical people from a variety of cultures.  
For example: George Washington, Harriet Tubman, Crazy Horse, Martin Luther King, Jr.

SS K.4.3.b Identify symbols of the United States.  
For example: American flag, bald eagle, Washington Monument, Statue of Liberty

SS K.4.3.c Differentiate between stories from the present and the past.  
For example: literary and informational, history vs. historical fiction, past and present including different cultural perspectives

**Historical Inquiry and Research**

SS K.4.4 Develop historical inquiry and research skills.

SS K.4.4.a Construct questions about personal history.  
For example: "How did my family come to live in this place?" "Where were other members of my family born?"

SS K.4.4.b Identify and cite appropriate sources when conducting historical research.  
For example: "My family member gave me this picture."

SS K.4.4.c Gather and communicate historical information.  
For example: pictures, posters, and oral narratives

## Grade 1

### **Grade Level Summary and Theme**

*Families - Living, Learning, and Working Together:* In first grade, students develop their understanding of basic concepts and ideas from civics, economics, geography, and history. The context for social studies learning in first grade is the family and the ways they choose to live and work together. To develop students' understanding of the basic social studies concepts, students are asked to think about families nearby and those far away.

### **Civics**

#### ***Forms and Functions of Government***

SS 1.1.1 Analyze the relationship between roles and rules within learning and living environments

SS 1.1.1.a Explain how rules reduce and help resolve conflicts between people with different perspectives.

For example: classroom rules, playground rules, school rules, family rules

SS 1.1.1.b Identify leaders within a school community and explain the importance of their roles.

For example: teachers, administrators, nurse, playground supervisor, support staff

#### ***Civic Participation***

SS 1.1.2 Demonstrate positive and productive citizenship skills.

SS 1.1.2.a Model and communicate citizenship skills.

For example: responsibility, voting or decision-making within a family structure, obeying civic laws, obeying family rules, cultural virtues

SS 1.1.2.b Identify patriotic symbols, songs, actions, holidays, and cultural celebrations.

For example: U.S. Flag, bald eagle, Pledge of Allegiance, national holidays, cultural songs

SS 1.1.2.c Communicate historical background and significance of national holidays.

For example: George Washington's Birthday, Abraham Lincoln's Birthday, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.'s Birthday, Native American Heritage Day, Constitution Day, Memorial Day, Veterans Day, and Thanksgiving Day, and the roles that different cultures played in our community/nation

SS 1.1.2.d Compare and contrast historical and current government figures that exemplify civic engagement.

For example: governors, civic leaders of marginalized groups such as Susan B. Anthony, Martin Luther King, Jr., Rosa Parks, Chief Standing Bear

## **Economics**

### ***Economic Decision Making***

SS 1.2.1 Explain how scarcity necessitates making choices.

SS 1.2.1.a Identify gains and losses when choices are made.

For example: tradeoff, opportunity cost

### ***Financial Literacy***

SS 1.2.2 Compare spending and saving opportunities.

SS 1.2.2.a Give examples of situations where students and families could choose to save for future purchases.

### ***Exchange and Markets***

SS 1.2.3 Explain that resources are used to produce goods and services.

SS 1.2.3.a Categorize human and natural resources used to create goods and services.

For example: iron ore (a natural resource) is made into steel, which the factory worker (a human resource) uses to build a bike (a good)

### ***National Economy***

SS 1.2.4 Not addressed at this level

### ***Global Economy***

SS 1.2.5 Not addressed at this level

## **Geography**

### ***Location and Place***

SS 1.3.1 Explore where (spatial) and why people, places, and environments are organized in the world.

SS 1.3.1.a Identify the four cardinal directions.

SS 1.3.1.b Identify and describe locations in schools and homes and explain reasons for the locations.

For example: Why is the cafeteria next to the kitchen? Why is the office by the front door? Why is the nurse's office often located near the main office? Why is the water fountain near the restroom?

SS 1.3.1.c Create and use maps.

For example: maps of the home and school

SS 1.3.1.d Distinguish between continents and oceans.

### **Regions**

SS 1.3.2 Explore places and regions.

SS 1.3.2.a Identify and differentiate between physical features on maps, globes, graphics, and in the physical world.

For example: mountains, plains, islands, hills, oceans, rivers, lakes

SS 1.3.2.b Identify and differentiate between human features.

For example: cities, farms, buildings, bridges, streets

SS 1.3.2.c Explain how places change over time.

For example: new building, a bigger road

### **Human-Environment Interaction**

SS 1.3.3 Explore the relationship between humans and their physical environment.

SS 1.3.3.a Interpret the impact of environmental hazards and severe weather on everyday life.

For example: tornado drills, snow days, floods

SS 1.3.3.b Identify Earth's natural resources.

For example: minerals, air, land, water, soil

SS 1.3.3.c Describe how people adapt to their physical environment.

For example: housing, reservations, land use, recreational activities, soil conservation, build dams

### **Movement**

SS 1.3.4 Describe the characteristics of culture.

SS 1.3.4.a Identify cultural traits.

For example: languages, religions, foods, music, sports, clothing

SS 1.3.4.b Describe the characteristics of individual culture.

For example: foods, languages, celebrations

### **Geospatial Skills and Geo-literacy**

SS 1.3.5 Use geographic skills to make connections to students' lives.

SS 1.3.5.a Apply geographic knowledge and techniques to navigate the school.

For example: Make a map of the school or playground.

## History

### ***Change, Continuity, and Context***

SS 1.4.1 Recognize patterns of continuity and change over time in families.

SS 1.4.1.a List and describe life events over time.

For example: weekly, monthly, yearly, seasonal celebrations from different cultural perspectives

SS 1.4.1.b Compare and contrast family life from earlier times and today.

For example: "How was life different for earlier generations?"

### ***Multiple Perspectives***

SS 1.4.2 Identify multiple perspectives of diverse family traditions.

SS 1.4.2.a Compare and contrast family traditions across cultures.

For example: holidays, celebrations, milestones

### ***Historical Analysis and Interpretation***

SS 1.4.3 Describe historical people, events, and symbols.

SS 1.4.3.a Identify the contributions of historical people.

For example: Abraham Lincoln, Frederick Douglass, Martin Luther King, Jr., Standing Bear, Willa Cather, Susan LaFlesche

SS 1.4.3.b Identify symbols of the United States.

For example: national anthem, other patriotic songs

SS 1.4.3.c Describe how oral traditions, books, letters, and other artifacts help us to understand the past.

For example: show and tell of an artifact from the past, visiting a museum

### ***Historical Inquiry and Research***

SS 1.4.4 Develop historical inquiry and research skills.

SS 1.4.4.a Construct and answer questions about family history.

For example: "Where was I born?" "What do my family members remember from when I was a small child?"

SS 1.4.4.b Identify and cite appropriate texts, letters, and other artifacts for research.

For example: the title and author of the text from which information was taken

SS 1.4.4.c Gather and communicate historical information about families.

For example: picture, posters, and oral narratives

## Grade 2

### **Grade Level Summary and Theme**

*Neighborhood:* In second grade, students apply their emerging understanding of civics, economics, geography, and history to their communities and others around the world. Students learn about how their community works as well as the variety of ways that communities organize themselves. To develop conceptual understanding, students examine the geographic and economic aspects of life in their own neighborhoods and compare them to those of people long ago.

### **Civics**

#### ***Forms and Functions of Government***

SS 2.1.1 Investigate and defend the responsibilities and rights of citizens in their communities.

SS 2.1.1.a Contribute to developing rules by considering multiple points of view.

For example: classroom meetings, voting, consensus building activities

SS 2.1.1.b Demonstrate conflict management strategies as individuals, groups, and communities.

For example: respectful conversations, active participation, restating others' views, checking for understanding

#### ***Civic Participation***

SS 2.1.2 Contribute to making decisions using democratic traditions based on established rules.

SS 2.1.2.a Identify and apply civic responsibilities that are important to individuals and their communities.

For example: voting, obeying laws, justice, equality, decision-making process in different cultures

SS 2.1.2.b Explain how patriotic symbols, songs, actions, celebrations, and holidays reflect democratic traditions.

For example: what the colors of the U.S. Flag represent, symbolism of the bald eagle, reasons for reciting the Pledge of Allegiance, why national holidays were established and celebrated, the origination of tribal songs, how cultural songs and symbols unify communities

SS 2.1.2.c Communicate historical background and significance of national holidays.

For example: George Washington's Birthday, Abraham Lincoln's Birthday, Presidents Day, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Native American Heritage Day, Constitution Day, Memorial Day, Veterans Day, and Thanksgiving Day

SS 2.1.2.d Investigate ways to be actively engaged to improve family, school, and community.

For example: volunteerism, participation in school clubs and organizations, classroom jobs, following rules, bully prevention

SS 2.1.2.e Model and communicate characteristics of good citizenship.

For example: establishing beliefs and justice, truth, equality, personal responsibilities for the common good, respect for diversity of opinions, cultural virtues

## **Economics**

### ***Economic Decision Making***

SS 2.2.1 Evaluate choices about how to use scarce resources that involve prioritizing wants and needs.

SS 2.2.1.a. Justify a decision made by providing evidence of possible gains and losses.

For example: tradeoff, opportunity cost, delayed gratification, savings

### ***Financial Literacy***

SS 2.2.2 Demonstrate knowledge of currency, its denominations, and use.

SS 2.2.2.a Make transactions using currency emphasizing its use as a medium of exchange.

For example: via school store, buying pencils, purchases via debit card or Apple pay as a way to make transactions (medium of exchange)

### ***Exchange and Markets***

SS 2.2.3 Describe how producers deliver products/services, earn an income, and satisfy economic needs and wants.

SS 2.2.3.a. Explain the role of goods and services and supply and demand in a community.

For example: meet wants and needs

SS 2.2.3.b. Describe how people in their communities earn income/wages through work.

For example: babysitter, teacher, firefighter, grocery store clerk, librarian, banker, lawyer, rancher, farmer, laborer

### ***National Economy***

SS 2.2.4 Identify the goods and services governments provide.

SS 2.2.4.a Identify goods and services that local governments provide.

For example: water, fire department, police, educational programs

SS 2.2.4.b Explain how the local government uses taxes to pay for goods and services it provides.

For example: roads, fire and law enforcement, libraries, schools

### ***Global Economy***

SS 2.2.5 Not addressed at this level

## **Geography**

### **Location and Place**

SS 2.3.1 Explore where (spatial) and why people, places, and environments are organized in the world.

SS 2.3.1.a Compare and contrast maps and globes.

For example: The shape of a globe makes it look more realistic. You can't see all of the continents and oceans on the globe like you can on a map unless you turn it. Maps can be transported more easily. Globes might have texture for landforms that maps do not have.

SS 2.3.1.b Identify and describe locations in neighborhoods.

For example: home, the park, friend's house, fire station, grocery store

SS 2.3.1.c Identify and apply map elements.

For example: title, symbols, legend, and cardinal directions

SS 2.3.1.d Locate communities, Nebraska, and the United States on maps and globes.

SS 2.3.1.e Explain why things are located where they are in neighborhoods.

For example: Why are stores on a main street?

### **Regions**

SS 2.3.2 Compare places and regions.

SS 2.3.2.a Identify and differentiate between physical and human features of neighborhoods and communities.

For example: vegetation, ravines, housing, streets, sewers, road signs

SS 2.3.2.b Describe local places and regions.

For example: prairie, forest, farm land, ranch land, local community

SS 2.3.2.c Explain how places and regions change over time.

### **Human-Environment Interaction**

SS 2.3.3 Describe relationships between humans and the physical environment.

SS 2.3.3.a Identify examples of Earth's physical processes.

For example: wind and water erosion/deposition

SS 2.3.3.b Describe how seasonal weather patterns, natural hazards, and natural resources affect human activities.

For example: seasonal jobs (landscaping, street/grounds maintenance, construction), seasonal foods, drought causing water shortages

SS 2.3.3.c Match resources to their sources.

For example: food from farms, wood from trees, minerals from the ground, fish from bodies of water

SS 2.3.3.d Describe how people adapt to their physical environment.

For example: soil conservation, build levees, grow plants and raise animals

### **Movement**

SS 2.3.4 Describe different groups of people and the different settings where they live.

SS 2.3.4.a Describe cultures of the local community and other communities.

For example: foods, languages, celebrations, religions, music, sports

SS 2.3.4.b Identify examples of cultural markers in the community.

For example: religious or institutional structures, names of streets, types of businesses, buildings

### **Geospatial Skills and Geo-literacy**

SS 2.3.5 Use geographic skills to make connections to students' lives.

SS 2.3.5.a Apply geographic knowledge and techniques to navigate students' homes and neighborhoods.

For example: Use navigation tools to map out shortest route to school; Map the route of a school field trip to multiple destinations.

## **History**

### **Change, Continuity, and Context**

SS 2.4.1 Recognize patterns of continuity and change over time in neighborhoods.

SS 2.4.1.a Describe how a neighborhood has changed over the course of time using maps and other artifacts.

For example: pictures from school library/media center

SS 2.4.1.b Compare and contrast how different neighborhoods have changed over time.

For example: photographs of school building, materials from local historical society

### **Multiple Perspectives**

SS 2.4.2 Compare multiple perspectives of events within neighborhoods.

SS 2.4.2.a Compare and contrast perspectives from multiple sources regarding the same event.

For example: Compare and contrast different holiday displays in your neighborhood.

**Historical Analysis and Interpretation**

SS 2.4.3 Determine past and current events, issues, and people relevant to a neighborhood.

SS 2.4.3.a Describe historical people, events, ideas, and symbols (including various cultures and ethnic groups) that impacted a neighborhood.

For example: library, police station, schools, local monuments, city hall, and tribal headquarters

**Historical Inquiry and Research**

SS 2.4.4 Develop historical inquiry and research skills.

SS 2.4.4.a Construct and answer questions about neighborhood history.

For example: What parks or community buildings are there? When were they built?

SS 2.4.4.b Identify, obtain, and cite appropriate primary and secondary sources for research.

For example: identifying titles and authors of texts where students located information

SS 2.4.4.c Gather and present historical information about a neighborhood.

For example: Ask questions of a guest speaker in the classroom.

## Grade 3

### **Grade Level Summary and Theme**

*Communities Near and Far:* In third grade, students begin to explore more complex concepts and ideas from civics, economics, geography, and history as they study the varied backgrounds of people living in Nebraska and how they relate to other regions of the United States. Emphasis is on cultures in the United States, including the study of Native Americans and other indigenous people (such as Pacific Islanders, Native Hawaiians, Native Alaskans). Students examine these cultures from the past and in the present and the impact they have had in shaping our contemporary society. They begin to look at issues and events from more than one perspective.

### **Civics**

#### **Forms and Functions of Government**

SS 3.1.1 Analyze the structure and function of local governments.

SS 3.1.1.a Compare and contrast the structure and function of roles commonly found in local governments.

For example: mayor, city manager, city council, village board, tribal council

SS 3.1.1.b Communicate how and why a community creates laws.

For example: civil discourse, active participation, apply knowledge to address meaningful issues within our society

SS 3.1.1.c Investigate and summarize the roles that leaders and other citizens serve in local communities.

For example: city council, mayor, city manager, village clerk, county commissioner, sheriff's office, school board, neighborhood associations, PTA, tribal council

SS 3.1.1.d Justify the importance of roles that leaders and citizens serve in local government.

For example: creation of local laws, safety, transportation (roads department), economic development, management of public funds, enforcement of laws

#### **Civic Participation**

SS 3.1.2 Describe the impact of individual and group decisions at the community level.

SS 3.1.2.a Identify and model rights and responsibilities of citizens at the community level.

For example: voting, public service, service learning projects

SS 3.1.2.b Explain how patriotic symbols, songs, actions, celebrations, and holidays are recognized in local communities.

For example: flag etiquette, bald eagle, Pledge of Allegiance, national holidays

SS 3.1.2.c Communicate the background of national holidays or historical events, their significance, and how they are recognized in the local community.

For example: George Washington's Birthday, Abraham Lincoln's Birthday, Presidents Day, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Native American Heritage Day, Constitution Day, Memorial Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, Patriots' Day (Recognition of 9/11)

SS 3.1.2.d Identify and engage in opportunities to serve the local community.

For example: volunteerism, service learning, participation in community clubs and organizations

SS 3.1.2.e Engage in discourse that demonstrates respect and consideration of multiple points of view.

For example: class meetings, observe a city council meeting, school board meeting, class debate

SS 3.1.2.f Describe the decisions of local leaders and how they affect public policy.

For example: recycling/trash hauling plan, city snow removal, disaster relief

## **Economics**

### ***Economic Decision Making***

SS 3.2.1 Explain that people choose and decide what services they ask their local and state government to provide and pay for.

SS 3.2.1.a Identify goods and services funded through state or local taxes.

For example: snow removal, waste management, law enforcement

### ***Financial Literacy***

SS 3.2.2 Evaluate choices and consequences for spending and saving.

SS 3.2.2.a Given a budget, make choices as to what to purchase, what to give up, and what to save.

### ***Exchange and Markets***

SS 3.2.3 Explain that markets are places where buyers and sellers exchange goods and services.

SS 3.2.3.a Indicate various markets where buyers and sellers meet.

For example: grocery store, buy things online, mall, fast food places

### **National Economy**

SS 3.2.4 Describe how the local community trades with other communities.

SS 3.2.4.a Identify local goods and services that could be traded with people everywhere.

For example: corn, soybeans, beef, irrigation systems, dry edible beans, art, buffalo hides, fish

### **Global Economy**

SS 3.2.5 Not addressed at this level

## **Geography**

### **Location and Place**

SS 3.3.1 Explore where (spatial) and why people, places, and environments are organized in the world.

SS 3.3.1.a Identify and apply map elements.

For example: title, scale, symbols, legend, and cardinal and intermediate directions

SS 3.3.1.b Use a map to identify location and distribution of physical and human features.

For example: rivers/roads, cities/towns, bodies of water, landforms

SS 3.3.1.c Determine why things are located where they are in the community.

For example: Why are stores located on main streets? Why are schools near homes? What might be a better location for a school?

SS 3.3.1.d Locate specific places on maps and globes.

For example: Missouri River, Platte River, Rocky Mountains, Nebraska, the student's community

SS 3.3.1.e Identify the continents, oceans, and hemispheres.

### **Regions**

SS 3.3.2 Compare the characteristics of places and regions.

SS 3.3.2.a Identify and differentiate between physical and human features of neighborhoods and communities.

For example: vegetation, hills, waterways, housing, streets, business/residential areas

SS 3.3.2.b Compare and contrast local places and regions with other places and regions.

For example: prairie and forest, local community with another community, life on and off a reservation, products from Nebraska and another state, crops grown in Nebraska and another state

SS 3.3.2.c Explain how and why places and regions change over time.

For example: population growth (more housing, schools), demolition/renovation of old/unsafe structures, flood control measures

### **Human-Environment Interaction**

SS 3.3.3 Explain relationships between humans and the physical environment.

SS 3.3.3.a Describe how the environment influences human activities and how humans alter the environment to suit their needs.

For example: climate, water cycle, soil fertility impact agricultural production, usage of land and energy - land formation impacts transportation and communication, agriculture, transportation, industry, use of natural resources, regulations/practices to protect the environment

SS 3.3.3.b Identify ecosystems.

For example: forests, deserts, grasslands

SS 3.3.3.c Explain the importance of Earth's natural resources.

For example: minerals, air, water, land

SS 3.3.3.d Describe how humans develop communities in local settings.

For example: roads, landfills, utilities, land use patterns

### **Movement**

SS 3.3.4 Compare and contrast the characteristics of local cultures.

SS 3.3.4.a Compare and contrast cultural traits within a community.

For example: languages, religions, foods, music, sports

SS 3.3.4.b Describe examples of how and why cultures change in a community.

For example: technology, education, employment, migration

### **Geospatial Skills and Geo-literacy**

SS 3.3.5 Use geographic skills to make connections to issues and events.

SS 3.3.5.a Identify and evaluate how changes in human and physical geography have shaped the community.

For example: placement of schools/hospitals, building of roads, access to water sources, suitable soil for farming

## **History**

### **Change, Continuity, and Context**

SS. 3.4.1 Detect and apply patterns of continuity and change over time in communities (town or city).

SS 3.4.1.a Describe community events over time using maps and other artifacts.

For example: weekly, monthly, yearly, seasonal happenings

SS 3.4.1.b Compare and contrast how different communities have changed over time.

For example: parks and playground equipment, different economic communities, different kinds of schools, compare rural and urban communities

**Multiple Perspectives**

SS 3.4.2 Describe and explain multiple perspectives of events within a community.

SS 3.4.2.a Describe the role of diverse groups of people, events, and ideas in the development of a community.

For example: local cultural figures, landmarks, celebrations, cultural events

SS 3.4.2.b Compare and contrast conflicting perspectives about a past event in a community.

For example: widening a street, where to construct a park or building

**Historical Analysis and Interpretation**

SS 3.4.3 Select past and current events and people relevant to the community.

SS 3.4.3.a Determine factual information about community historical events through use of a variety of sources such as artifacts, pictures, and documents.

For example: local cultural figures, landmarks, celebrations, cultural events

SS 3.4.3.b Identify how decisions affected events in a community.

For example: decisions on location, growth, etc.

**Historical Inquiry and Research**

SS 3.4.4 Develop historical inquiry and research skills.

SS 3.4.4.a Construct and answer questions about multiple community histories from viewpoints of that community.

For example: How does the founding of a town differ for different groups? Why?

SS 3.4.4.b Identify, obtain, and cite appropriate primary and secondary sources for research about the local community.

For example: Local newspapers, town charters, and local treaties

SS 3.4.4.c Gather and communicate historical information about the community.

For example: Interview a community member, find community resources

## Grade 4

### **Grade Level Summary and Theme**

*Nebraska Studies:* In fourth grade, students use their understanding of social studies concepts and skills to explore Nebraska in the past and present. Students learn about the state's unique geography and key eras in early Nebraska history, particularly the treaty-making period. They use this historical perspective to help them make sense of the state's geography, economy, and government today. The cognitive demand of many grade level expectations begins to include analysis and asks students to look at issues and events from multiple perspectives.

### **Civics**

#### ***Forms and Functions of Government***

SS 4.1.1 Synthesize and justify the structure and function of Nebraska's government.

SS 4.1.1.a Investigate and summarize the historical foundation and events that led to the formation and structure of Nebraska's Constitution and government.

For example: modeled from U.S. government, three branches of government

SS 4.1.1.b Analyze the origin, structure, and function of Nebraska's state government.

For example: Unicameral vs. Bicameral structure, journey from territory status to statehood, state services/responsibilities vs. national or local services/responsibilities, three branches of Nebraska government

SS 4.1.1.c Communicate how a bill becomes a law in the Nebraska unicameral.

For example: introduction of a bill, committee hearings, legislative debate, governor approval/veto, ratification

SS 4.1.1.d Investigate and summarize the roles that leaders and other citizens serve in Nebraska to equitably represent all residents in the state.

For example: legislative districts, cultural advocacy groups

SS 4.1.1.e Justify the importance of roles that leaders and citizens serve in Nebraska government.

For example: governor, state senators, judiciary, tribal leaders, advocacy group participants

#### ***Civic Participation***

SS 4.1.2 Investigate how different perspectives impact government decisions at the state level.

SS 4.1.2.a Identify and model rights and responsibilities of citizens at the state level.

For example: voting, public service, service learning projects

SS 4.1.2.b Investigate the meaning of state symbols, songs, and holidays.

For example: Nebraska state flag, "Beautiful Nebraska," state and national holidays

SS 4.1.2.c Communicate background of Nebraska state holidays or historical events, their significance, and how they are recognized.

For example: Arbor Day, George Norris Day and Nebraska Statehood Day, Native American Heritage Day

SS 4.1.2.d Identify and engage in opportunities to serve the state.

For example: volunteerism, service learning, participation in state clubs and organizations

SS 4.1.2.e Explain how individuals and groups influence the way a state issue is viewed and resolved.

For example: lobbying, petitions, media, social media

SS 4.1.2.f Analyze the decisions of state leaders and how they impact public policy.

For example: seatbelt law, state testing, speed limits, state parks

## **Economics**

### ***Economic Decision Making***

SS 4.2.1 Describe how scarcity requires the consumer and producer to make choices and identify costs associated with them.

SS 4.2.1.a Predict how consumers would react if the price of a good or service changed.

For example: Price of gasoline increases; price of haircuts increases; price of milk/bread/sugar increases - would buy less or start to change behavior toward buying less, i.e., plan a carpool and get hair cut less often. Price of something decreases and buy more of it.

SS 4.2.1.b Predict how producers would react if the profit from selling a good or service changed.

For example: You produce widgets and they have become very popular and the price is rising, what would you do – produce more. In a natural disaster, because of scarcity prices tend to rise for things like water and lumber, if you produced water and/or lumber, the increased price would incentivize you to get more of things where they were needed.

### **Financial Literacy**

SS 4.2.2 Investigate various financial institutions in Nebraska and the reasons for people's spending and saving choices.

SS 4.2.2.a Identify financial institutions in the community and their purposes.

For example: a field trip to a bank/credit union or a representative to discuss how banks ensure your money is safe and how they loan money to help businesses grow and help people buy housing among other things

### **Exchange and Markets**

SS 4.2.3 Investigate how resources are used to make other goods and produce services.

SS 4.2.3.a Give examples of human, natural, capital, and entrepreneurial resources used in making goods and services in Nebraska and the United States.

For example: human resources (labor), tools used in agriculture, laboratories, equipment, and machinery, game/video designers

### **National Economy**

SS 4.2.4 Identify and explain specialization and trade and why different regions produce different goods and services.

SS 4.2.4.a Compare Nebraska with different regions and the goods and services each region produces.

For example: beef, wheat, telemarketing, cotton, coal, beekeeping, tribal traditional art (beading)

SS 4.2.4.b Discuss how technology has affected the specialization of Nebraska's economy and surrounding states.

For example: irrigation, agriculture and farm equipment, online trading, geospatial technology (GIS [Geographic Information Systems] and GPS [Global Positioning System])

### **Global Economy**

SS 4.2.5 Not addressed at this level

## **Geography**

### **Location and Place**

SS 4.3.1 Explore where (spatial) and why people, places, and environments are organized in the state and around the world.

SS 4.3.1.a Use local and state maps and atlases to locate physical and human features in Nebraska.

For example: major cities, bodies of water, landforms, interstate/highways, railroads, state parks, tribal reservations

SS 4.3.1.b Apply map skills to analyze physical/political maps of the state.

For example: Utilize grid systems to find locations, identify the location and purpose of time zones, and identify and locate cities using relative and absolute locations.

SS 4.3.1.c Determine why things are located where they are in Nebraska.

For example: Why are large cattle ranches found in the Sandhills? Why are major airports located near large cities? What determined the route of I-80?

SS 4.3.1.d Differentiate between classifications of bodies of water, cities, and land masses.

For example: lakes, rivers, capital city, county seats, major urban centers, plains, river valleys, Sandhills

### **Regions**

SS 4.3.2 Compare the characteristics of places and regions and their impact on human decisions.

SS 4.3.2.a Identify criteria used to define regions in the state of Nebraska and the United States.

For example: soil, climate, precipitation, population, natural vegetation, land and agricultural usage

SS 4.3.2.b Classify regions and places within the state of Nebraska using physical and human features.

For example: Sandhills, Pine Ridge, Loess Hills, Platte River Valley, rural/urban/suburban, counties and cities

### **Human-Environment Interaction**

SS 4.3.3 Explain how human and natural forces have modified different environments in Nebraska and how humans have adapted.

SS 4.3.3.a Identify physical processes that shape Nebraska's features and patterns.

For example: weathering, erosion, deposition, drought

SS 4.3.3.b Identify examples of ecosystems in Nebraska and describe related environmental issues.

For example: forests, wetlands, grasslands, and rivers, runoff, flooding, erosion, wildfires

SS 4.3.3.c Describe the impact of extreme natural events on the human and physical environment in Nebraska.

For example: tornadoes, floods, dust storms, insect infestations result in changes to agricultural/construction/public safety practices

SS 4.3.3.d Describe how humans have adapted to Nebraska's physical environment and use available natural resources.

For example: progression of home construction materials, agriculture, irrigation, introduction of trees, soil conservation, soil, timber, surface water and ground water

### **Movement**

SS 4.3.4 Compare and contrast the characteristics of culture statewide.

SS 4.3.4.a Compare and contrast patterns of culture within the state of Nebraska.

For example: languages, religions, foods, music, sports, celebrations

SS 4.3.4.b Compare and contrast population characteristics of the state of Nebraska.

For example: density, distribution, growth rates due to available jobs, resources

### **Geospatial Skills and Geo-literacy**

SS 4.3.5 Use geographic skills to make connections to issues and events.

SS 4.3.5.a Identify and evaluate how changes in human and physical geography have shaped Nebraska.

For example: map major tornado paths, blizzards, floods, or droughts; how the construction of the Transcontinental Railroad and Interstate Highway system have impacted the way Nebraskans live, locations and reasons for tribal reservations

SS 4.3.5.b Explain the interrelationships of human or physical geographic characteristics of places in Nebraska.

For example: A community is located on a river floodplain with fertile soil and water for transportation, irrigation, and human consumption.

## **History**

### **Change, Continuity, and Context**

SS 4.4.1 Investigate patterns of continuity and change over time in Nebraska.

SS 4.4.1.a Analyze the chronology of key state and/or regional events and communicate their impact on the past, present, and future.

For example: timelines, before and after statehood

### **Multiple Perspectives**

SS 4.4.2 Analyze and explain multiple perspectives of events in Nebraska, including historically marginalized and underrepresented groups.

SS 4.4.2.a Compare and contrast primary and secondary sources to better understand multiple perspectives of the same event.

For example: The Homestead Act, Oregon Trail diaries, military journal of Ponca Removal, Standing Bear testimony

SS 4.4.2.b Identify and describe how various sources relate their perspectives of Nebraska history.

For example: texts and primary documents, primary documents from differing groups of people

***Historical Analysis and Interpretation***

SS 4.4.3 Analyze past and current events throughout Nebraska history.

SS 4.4.3.a Analyze key sources in Nebraska history to determine credibility and context.

For example: accounts from settlers and Nebraska tribes, foundational documents in Nebraska

SS 4.4.3.b Identify key events in American history that shaped or were shaped by Nebraskans.

For example: Kansas-Nebraska Act, Homestead Act, Ponca Trail of Tears, Santee Exile and Winnebago Removal, North Platte Canteen, Orphan Train, Native American Boarding Schools, World War I, Will Brown, World War II, Tuskegee Airmen, Great Depression, Cold War, Civil Rights Movement, September 11, 2001

***Historical Inquiry and Research***

SS 4.4.4 Develop historical inquiry and research skills.

SS 4.4.4.a Construct and answer questions about Nebraska history.

For example: Why did people migrate and/or relocate to Nebraska?

SS 4.4.4.b Identify and cite primary and secondary sources to research the history of Nebraska.

For example: document archives, newspapers, interviews

SS 4.4.4.c Gather, analyze, and communicate historical information about Nebraska.

For example: collect oral histories from community members, research newspaper archives

## Grade 5

### **Grade Level Summary and Theme**

*U.S. Studies:* In fifth grade, students use their understanding of social studies concepts and cause and effect relationships to study Pre-Columbian cultures, the development of the American colonies, and the creation of the United States through the writing of the U.S. Constitution. By applying what they know from civics, economics, and geography, students learn the ideals, principles, and systems that shaped this country's founding. They conclude the fifth grade by applying their understanding of the country's founding and the ideals in the nation's fundamental documents to issues of importance to them today. This learning forms the foundation and understanding of social studies concepts that will provide students with the ability to examine their role in the community, state, nation, and world.

### **Civics**

#### ***Forms and Functions of Government***

SS 5.1.1 Synthesize and justify the structure and function of the United States government.

SS 5.1.1.a Investigate and summarize contributions that resulted in the historical foundation and formation of the United States constitutional government.

For example: early state constitutions, Declaration of Independence, and the Articles of Confederation, Magna Carta, English Bill of Rights, tribal constitutions

SS 5.1.1.b Identify and explain the structure and functions of the three branches of government.

For example: legislative, executive, judicial

SS 5.1.1.c Analyze how colonial and new states' governments' laws affected majority groups and marginalized groups within their population.

For example: citizens, enslaved persons, Native American tribes, immigrants, women, class systems

SS 5.1.1.d Evaluate how the decisions of the national government affect local and state government and citizens of diverse backgrounds.

For example: three-fifths clause, treaties, voting requirements, slavery

SS 5.1.1.e Justify the principles of the American Republic.

For example: liberty, representative democracy, United States Constitution, Bill of Rights

SS 5.1.1.f Analyze and contrast forms of government.

For example: Tribal, British monarchy, early American colonial governments

**Civic Participation**

SS 5.1.2 Analyze democratic principles that are the foundation of the United States government systems in daily life.

SS 5.1.2.a Explore and communicate the constitutional rights and civic responsibilities of U.S. citizens.

For example: freedom of speech, voting, staying informed of issues, respecting the rights, opinions, and beliefs of others, joining a civic group

SS 5.1.2.b Communicate origins of national and state holidays including historical background and significance.

For example: George Washington's Birthday, Abraham Lincoln's Birthday, Presidents Day, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Native American Heritage Day, Constitution Day, Memorial Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, Citizenship Day, tribal flag songs, Native American Day

SS 5.1.2.c Interpret and communicate the significance of patriotic symbols, songs, and activities.

For example: significance of the flag, Fourth of July, Constitution Day, George Washington's birthday, military songs from the Revolutionary War, tribal songs, the Liberty Bell

SS 5.1.2.d Explore models of group and individual actions that illustrate civic ideas in the founding of the United States.

For example: George Washington, Boston Tea Party, Continental Congress, Federalist Papers, Sons of Liberty, *Common Sense* by Thomas Paine, Mayflower Compact

SS 5.1.2.e Examine how cooperation and conflict among people have contributed to political, economic, and social events and situations in the United States.

For example: communication through civil discourse historically and presently, constitutional compromises, Continental Congress

SS 5.1.2.f Determine how the roles of individuals and groups influenced government.

For example: George Washington, John Adams, Abigail Adams, Thomas Jefferson, Benjamin Franklin, sovereign Native Americans, Patriots, Loyalists, European governments,

**Economics**

**Economic Decision Making**

SS 5.2.1 Not addressed at this level

**Financial Literacy**

SS 5.2.2 Not addressed at this level

**Exchange and Markets**

SS 5.2.3 Explain how human capital can be improved by education and training and thereby increase standards of living.

SS 5.2.3.a List examples of how additional education/training improves productivity and increases standards of living.

For example: On the job training, education can all lead to higher wages.

SS 5.2.4 Explain how specialization, division of labor, and technology increase productivity and interdependence.

SS 5.2.4.a Describe the historical role of innovation and entrepreneurship in a market economy.

For example: apprentice, journeyman, early inventors and entrepreneurs

**National Economy**

SS 5.2.5 Summarize characteristics of economic institutions in the United States.

SS 5.2.5.a Describe the importance of financial institutions to households and businesses.

For example: loans to agriculture, business, and individuals in order to provide capital; importance of rule of law to enforce contracts and provide for private property

SS 5.2.5.b Explain the rules and laws that protect and support consumers.

For example: contracts, agreements, and product safety

SS 5.2.5.c Identify goods and services funded through federal taxes.

For example: military and armed forces, parks

**Global Economy**

SS 5.2.6 Summarize how specialization and trade impact the global market and relationships with other countries.

SS 5.2.6.a Describe how international trade promotes specialization and division of labor and increases the productivity of labor, output, and consumption.

For Example: New England specialized in ship building and fishing, South Carolina grew rice, the Middle Colonies had grain, and the Upper South grew tobacco and got finished goods like books from Great Britain.

SS 5.2.6.b Explain how trade impacts relationships between countries.

For example: fur, tobacco, cotton, lumber, triangle trade, tribal trading with settlers

## **Geography**

### **Location and Place**

SS 5.3.1 Explore where (spatial) and why people, places, and environments are organized in the United States.

SS 5.3.1.a Use maps and atlases to locate major human and physical features in the United States.

For example: states, capitals and major cities, Rocky Mountains, Appalachian Mountains, Great Lakes

SS 5.3.1.b Apply map skills to analyze physical/political maps of the United States.

For example: Identify latitude/longitude and the global grid, and the ocean currents, trade winds.

SS 5.3.1.c Determine why things are located where they are in the United States.

For example: Why were the 13 colonies located on the eastern side of the United States? Why was corn raised in Pennsylvania and Ohio and cotton in Virginia and Georgia?

### **Regions**

SS 5.3.2 Compare the characteristics of places and regions and draw conclusions on their impact on human decisions.

SS 5.3.2.a Identify criteria used to define regions within the United States.

For example: location, climate, industry, landforms, bodies of water

SS 5.3.2.b Identify and classify regions and places within the United States using physical and human features.

For example: Tidewater, New England, Hudson Valley, congressional districts

### **Human-Environment Interaction**

SS 5.3.3 Explain how human and natural forces have modified different environments in the United States and how humans have adapted.

SS 5.3.3.a Identify examples of ecosystems and analyze issues related to the natural setting in the United States.

For example: forests, deserts, grasslands, deforestation, wildfires, urban sprawl, flooding, erosion, strip mining

SS 5.3.3.b Describe the impact of extreme natural events in the United States on the human and physical environment.

For example: lightning, blizzards, floods, drought, hurricanes, tornadoes result in changes to agricultural/construction/public safety practices

SS 5.3.3.c Examine patterns of resource distribution and utilization in the United States.

For example: fisheries, forests, agricultural development, manufacturing regions

**Movement**

SS 5.3.4 Compare, contrast, and draw conclusions about the characteristics of culture and migration in the United States.

SS 5.3.4.a Compare and contrast patterns of culture within the United States over time and space.

For example: languages, religions, foods, music, sports, celebrations

SS 5.3.4.b Compare and contrast population characteristics of the United States.

For example: density, distribution, growth rates

SS 5.3.4.c Explain reasons for historical and present day migrations to and within the United States.

For example: economic opportunity, war, famine, natural disasters, persecution

**Geospatial Skills and Geo-literacy**

SS 5.3.5 Use geographic skills to interpret issues and events.

SS 5.3.5.a Explain the influences of physical and human geographic features on events in the United States.

For example: Developing major settlements around natural East Coast harbors such as New York City (New Amsterdam), building the Boston Post Road to improve connections and communications within the colonies, migrating through the Cumberland Gap into the Kentucky bluegrass region

SS 5.3.5.b Analyze aspects of human and physical geography that have shaped the settlement and development of Early America.

For example: latitude and longitude in the role of early navigation, groundwater and irrigation, westward expansion of European immigrants, seeds, fertile soils, agriculture, transportation systems, water power

## History

### ***Change, Continuity, and Context***

SS 5.4.1 Investigate patterns of continuity and change over time from the Pre-Columbian era through the Constitution.

SS 5.4.1.a Examine the chronology of key events in the United States and communicate their impact on various groups in the past, present, and future.

For example: Development of civilizations in America before Columbus, founding of colonies, Native American responses to colonization, coming of American Revolution, founding of United States, creation of the United States Constitution, Bill of Rights, the gradual abolition of slavery in the northern states

### ***Multiple Perspectives***

SS 5.4.2 Describe and explain multiple perspectives of historical events in the Pre-Columbian era through the Constitution including marginalized and underrepresented groups.

SS 5.4.2.a Compare and contrast primary and secondary sources to better understand multiple perspectives of the same event.

For example: The Boston Massacre, Declaration of Independence, United States Constitution, historical biographies

SS 5.4.2.b Identify and describe how multiple perspectives facilitate the understanding of US history.

For example: Battle for the Old Northwest, Atlantic Slave Trade

### ***Historical Analysis and Interpretation***

SS 5.4.3 Analyze past and current events and challenges from the Pre-Columbian era through the Constitution.

SS 5.4.3.a Compare the impact of people, events, ideas, and symbols on various cultures and ethnic groups in the Pre-Columbian era through the Constitution.

For example: Native American cultures, exploration, conflict, colonization, the emergence of democratic institutions, the Revolution, founders and founding documents, the unique nature of the creation of the United States leading to a nation based upon personal freedom, inalienable rights, and democratic ideals, and other patriotic national symbols

### ***Historical Inquiry and Research***

SS 5.4.4 Apply the inquiry process to construct and answer historical questions.

SS 5.4.4.a Construct and answer questions about the Pre-Columbian era through the Constitution based on multiple sources.

For example: Why did people migrate to the Americas?

SS 5.4.4.b Evaluate and cite appropriate primary and secondary sources to research the Pre-Columbian era through the Constitution.

For example: use of appropriate citation format; determine the credibility, contextualization, and corroboration of sources

SS 5.4.4.c Gather, analyze, and communicate historical information from the Pre-Columbian era through the Constitution from multiple sources.

For example: document archives, artifacts, newspapers, interviews, pictures, posters, oral/written narratives, and electronic presentation

## Nebraska Social Studies Standards

**Middle School Standards Introduction:** The purpose of Nebraska's 6-8 Social Studies Standards is to integrate important subject matter and skills, and to provide students a robust understanding of grade-specific concepts. The standards should not be viewed in isolation, but as a unifying approach to social studies curriculum and instruction.

6th Grade	7th Grade	8th Grade
<b>Civics</b>		
SS 6.1.1 Investigate the foundations, structures, and functions of governmental institutions.	SS 7.1.1 Analyze the foundations, structures and functions of governmental institutions.	SS 8.1.1 Investigate and analyze the foundation, structure, and functions of the United States government.
SS 6.1.2 Investigate the roles, responsibilities, and rights of citizens.	SS 7.1.2 Analyze the roles, responsibilities, and rights of citizens and groups in international societies.	SS 8.1.2 Evaluate the roles, responsibilities, and rights as local, state, national, and international citizens.
<b>Economics</b>		
SS 6.2.1 Investigate how economic decisions affect the well-being of individuals and society.	SS 7.2.1 Not addressed at this level	SS 8.2.1 Not addressed at this level
SS 6.2.2 Not addressed at this level	SS 7.2.2 Not addressed at this level	SS 8.2.2 Understand personal and business financial management.
SS 6.2.3 Explain the interdependence of producers and consumers.	SS 7.2.3 Not addressed at this level	SS 8.2.3 Not addressed at this level
SS 6.2.4 Not addressed at this level	SS 7.2.4 Investigate how varying economic systems impact individuals in a civilization/society.	SS 8.2.4 Justify and debate economic decisions made by North American societies.
SS 6.2.5 Not addressed at this level	SS 7.2.5 Analyze information using appropriate data to draw conclusions about the total production, income, and economic growth in various economies.	SS 8.2.5 Illustrate how international trade impacts individuals, organizations, and nations.
SS 6.2.6 Not addressed at this level	SS 7.2.6 Illustrate how international trade impacts individuals, organizations, and nations/societies.	

## Nebraska Social Studies Standards

6th Grade	7th Grade	8th Grade
<b>Geography</b>		
SS 6.3.1 Identify where (spatial) and why people, places, and environments are organized on the Earth's Surface.	SS 7.3.1 Not addressed at this level	SS 8.3.1 Not addressed at this level
SS 6.3.2 Not addressed at this level	SS 7.3.2 Evaluate how regions form and change over time.	SS 8.3.2 Examine how regions form and change over time.
SS 6.3.3 Identify how the natural environment is changed by natural and human forces, and how humans adapt to their surroundings.	SS 7.3.3 Determine how the natural environment is changed by natural and human forces and how humans adapt to their surroundings.	SS 8.3.3 Determine how the natural environment is changed by natural and human forces and how humans adapt to their surroundings.
SS 6.3.4 Interpret and summarize patterns of culture around the world.	SS 7.3.4 Examine and interpret patterns of culture around the world.	SS 8.3.4 Not addressed at this level
SS 6.3.5 Not addressed at this level	SS 7.3.5 Compare issues and/or events using geographic knowledge and skills to make informed decisions.	SS 8.3.5 Not addressed at this level
<b>History</b>		
6.4.1 Analyze patterns of continuity and change over time in world history.	SS 7.4.1 Compare patterns of continuity and change over time in world history.	SS 8.4.1 Analyze patterns of continuity and change over time in United States history.
SS 6.4.2 Use multiple perspectives to identify the historical, social, and cultural context of past and current events.	SS 7.4.2 Use multiple perspectives to examine the historical, social, and cultural context of past and current events.	SS 8.4.2 Use multiple perspectives to evaluate the historical, social, and cultural context of past and current events.
SS 6.4.3 Examine historical events from the perspectives of marginalized and underrepresented groups.	SS 7.4.3 Examine historical events from the perspectives of marginalized and underrepresented groups.	SS 8.4.3 Examine historical events from the perspectives of marginalized and underrepresented groups.
SS 6.4.4 Interpret and evaluate sources for historical context.	SS 7.4.4 Analyze and interpret sources for perspective and historical context.	SS 8.4.4 Evaluate and interpret sources for perspective and historical context.
SS 6.4.5 Apply the inquiry process to construct and answer historical questions.	SS 7.4.5 Apply the inquiry process to construct and answer historical questions.	SS 8.4.5 Apply the inquiry process to construct and answer historical questions.

**Grade Level Summary and Theme**

*World Studies I:* In sixth grade, students are ready to deepen their understanding of the Earth and its peoples through the study of history, geography, politics, culture, and economic systems. Students examine the world by exploring the location, place, and spatial organization of the world's ancient civilizations. In this way, students develop higher levels of critical thinking by considering why civilizations developed, where and when they did, and why they declined. Students will have multiple opportunities to employ maps and timelines, to compare the foundations of economic and political systems, and to engage in content-driven research and inquiry. Students will explore the connections between ancient and classical societies and contemporary civic ideas and issues. Students analyze the interactions among the various cultures, emphasizing their enduring contributions and the link between the contemporary and ancient worlds.

**Civics**

***Forms and Functions of Government***

SS 6.1.1 Investigate the foundations, structures, and functions of governmental institutions.

SS 6.1.1.a Analyze the different forms of government through the study of early civilizations.

For example: tribal, monarchy, democracy, republic, theocracy, tyranny and oligarchy

SS 6.1.1.b Identify the development of written laws and artifacts.

For example: Code of Hammurabi, Greek Democracy, Asumite, Confucius, Ten Commandments, Indian deities

SS 6.1.1.c Communicate the various ways governmental decisions have impacted people, places, and history.

For example: invasions, conquests, laws, public works, religious tolerance, censorship, hierarchy

SS 6.1.1.d Investigate important government principles.

For example: democracy, rule of law, justice, equality, toleration

***Civic Participation***

SS 6.1.2 Investigate the roles, responsibilities, and rights of citizens.

SS 6.1.2.a Describe ways individuals participate in the political process.

For example: tribal/family institutions, city-state, voting, contacting officials, civic engagement, decision making, leadership

SS 6.1.2.b Compare and contrast the roles and rights of individuals in Ancient Civilizations to those in the United States today.

For example: military service, voting, civic engagement, decision making, leadership

## **Economics**

### ***Economic Decision Making***

SS 6.2.1 Investigate how economic decisions affect the well-being of individuals and society.

SS 6.2.1.a Compare the benefits and costs of economic decisions made by Ancient Civilizations.

For example: marginal benefits of the migration of the Swahili people throughout southern Africa, Constantine the Great's decision to convert the Roman Empire to Christianity, Ancient Mesopotamians that settled along the Tigris and Euphrates to sustain life in a desert

SS 6.2.1.b Examine how social and governmental decisions impact economic well-being.

For example: Under constant invasion, Chinese dynasties built the Great Wall. Europeans and Asians were able to establish trade through the Silk Road to attain resources not native to their own continents. The caste system of Ancient India established order in the government but at the sake of the liberty of those in lower castes. Use democratic process established in Greece to make a classroom decision.

### ***Financial Literacy***

SS 6.2.2 Not addressed at this level

### ***Exchange and Markets***

SS 6.2.3 Explain the interdependence of producers and consumers.

SS 6.2.3.a Identify producers and consumers for Ancient civilizations.

For example: Examine the independence and interdependence of social classes in ancient societies. List items sold and traded among various medieval societies.

SS 6.2.3.b Explain how the interaction between producers and consumers satisfied economic wants and needs.

For example: Research the various resources that were utilized as mediums of exchange like animals, cowry shells, gold, and porcelain. Examine how societies without currency differed from those with currency.

### ***National Economy***

SS 6.2.4 Not addressed at this level

### ***Global Economy***

SS 6.2.5 Not addressed at this level

## **Geography**

### ***Location and Place***

SS 6.3.1 Identify where (spatial) and why people, places, and environments are organized on the Earth's surface.

SS 6.3.1.a Identify and illustrate the locations of the first cities, civilizations, and empires and the reasoning for their locations.

For example: river civilizations (Tigris/Euphrates, Yellow, Indus, Nile, Mesopotamia), early cities (Memphis, Ur, Babylon)

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SS 6.3.1.b Investigate the human and physical characteristics of early patterns of civilizations and empires.

For example: agricultural societies (agricultural hearths for crops and livestock), deposits of copper and iron

**Regions**

SS 6.3.2 Not addressed at this level

**Human Environment Interaction**

SS 6.3.3 Identify how the natural environment is changed by natural and human forces, and how humans adapt to their surroundings.

SS 6.3.3.a Describe the impact of natural processes on the human and physical environments.

For example: precipitation, drought, earthquakes, tornadoes, floods, hurricanes, volcanic eruptions, mudslides

SS 6.3.3.b Summarize how early humans utilized and adapted to their physical environment.

For example: irrigation, levees, terraces, fertile soils, mechanized agriculture, changes in land use, clothing, sewage systems, scarcity of resources

**Movement**

SS 6.3.4 Interpret and summarize patterns of culture around the world.

SS 6.3.4.a Compare and contrast characteristics of groups of people/settlements.

For example: characteristics of river civilizations

SS 6.3.4.b Explain how cultural diffusion occurs.

For example: trade routes, migration, conquest/empire building

**Geospatial Skills and Geo-literacy**

SS 6.3.5 Not addressed at this level

**History**

**Change, Continuity, and Context**

SS 6.4.1 Analyze patterns of continuity and change over time in world history.

SS 6.4.1.a Examine the impact of people, events, and ideas, including various cultures and ethnic groups, on the world.

For example: Chauvin, Zapotec, Olmec, Mesopotamia, Egypt, Indus, Greco-Roman, early Chinese and Japanese dynasties, Hinduism, Taoism, Buddhism, Judaism, Christianity, Islam

SS 6.4.1.b Analyze the impact of historical events in the world using symbols, maps, documents, and artifacts.

For example: Hammurabi's Code, symbols of world religions

**Multiple Perspectives**

SS 6.4.2 Use multiple perspectives to identify the historical, social, and cultural context of past and current events.

SS 6.4.2.a Identify evidence from multiple perspectives and sources to better understand the complexities of world history.

For example: Macedonian Empire, Persian Empire

SS 6.4.2.b Explain the use of primary and secondary sources to better understand multiple perspectives of the same event.

For example: foundational texts of world religions

SS 6.4.3 Examine historical events from the perspectives of marginalized and underrepresented groups.

SS 6.4.3.a Identify how differing experiences can lead to the development of perspectives.

For example: religious, ethnic and racial groups

SS 6.4.3.b Interpret perspectives of marginalized and underrepresented regions around the world.

For example: inclusion of non-Eurasian civilizations

**Historical Analysis and Interpretation**

SS 6.4.4 Interpret and evaluate sources for historical context.

SS 6.4.4.a Compare and contrast primary and secondary sources of history.

For example: Compare Lascaux cave paintings with a historian's interpretation of the Paleolithic Era.

SS 6.4.4.b Analyze the relationships among historical events in the world and relevant contemporary issues.

For example: agriculture, technology, written laws

**Historical Inquiry and Research**

SS 6.4.5 Apply the inquiry process to construct and answer historical questions.

SS 6.4.5.a Construct and answer inquiry questions using multiple historical sources.

For example: What defines an empire?

SS 6.4.5.b Identify and cite appropriate sources for research about world history, including primary and secondary sources.

For example: Hammurabi's Code, Twelve Tables

SS 6.4.5.c Gather, analyze, and communicate historical information about the world from multiple sources.

For example: document archives, artifacts, newspapers, interviews, pictures, posters, oral/written narratives, and electronic presentation

## Grade 7

### **Grade Level Summary and Theme**

*World Studies II:* In seventh grade, students become more proficient with the core concepts in social studies. This grade level focuses on a regional examination of geography, civics, economics, and history of post-classical societies. The purpose of studying these different regions and eras is to develop an understanding of major factors influencing our world today.

The course guides students in exploring the connection between historical developments and contemporary global issues. Students will have multiple opportunities to use geographic concepts and processes, develop economic reasoning, examine specific historical ideas, beliefs, and themes, and analyze how individuals and societies have changed over time. Students will further develop fundamental concepts and processes of authority, power, and influence with particular emphasis on the democratic skills and attitudes necessary to become responsible citizens.

### **Civics**

#### **Forms and Functions of Government**

SS 7.1.1 Analyze the foundations, structures, and functions of governmental institutions.

SS 7.1.1.a Describe different forms and structures of government around the world and how they address the needs of the citizens.

For example: republic, monarchy, authoritarian/dictatorship, how nation-states interact, unlimited forms of government, limited forms of government, imperialism

SS 7.1.1.b Identify and report significant historic events and documents that have influenced governmental institutions and their function.

For example: any governments of major societies from post-classical societies up to present that could include French Revolution, Justinian's Code, Iroquois Confederacy, Communist Manifesto, United States Constitution, Magna Carta, Native American treaties with federal government, trade agreements, arms control

SS 7.1.1.c Analyze how governmental systems have changed over time and how those developments influence civic life and ideals around the world.

For example: increased role and influence of technology on society, impact of global conflicts on local communities

#### **Civic Participation**

SS 7.1.2 Analyze the roles, responsibilities, and rights of citizens and groups in international societies.

SS 7.1.2.a Examine ways in which individuals and groups participate in the political process in different regions of the globe.

For example: interconnected nature of world events/relationships, recognize multiple perspectives on issues, demonstrate ethical use of information, service learning, volunteerism, social movements, voting

SS 7.1.2.b Evaluate how cooperation and conflict among people around the world have contributed to political, economic, and social events and situations.

For example: treaties, aftermath of global conflicts and the rise of international organizations (United Nations, NATO, League of Nations, World Health Organization)

SS 7.1.2.c Explain the roles and influence of individuals, groups, and the media on governments in an interdependent society.

For example: printing press, right to petition, media literacy, media conglomerates, social media platforms, cyber security concerns

## **Economics**

### ***Economic Decision Making***

SS 7.2.1 Not addressed at this level

### ***Financial Literacy***

SS 7.2.2 Not addressed at this level

### ***Exchange and Markets***

SS 7.2.3 Not addressed at this level

### ***National Economy***

SS 7.2.4 Investigate how varying economic systems impact individuals in a civilization/society.

SS 7.2.4.a Compare and contrast characteristics of different socio-economic groups in economic systems.

For example: traditional, market, command/communism, socialism, feudal, or caste systems - Examine the daily life of the indigenous people of Guatemala as opposed to those in urban areas.

SS 7.2.4.b Identify the relationships between diverse socio-economic groups and their economic systems in the modern world.

For example: Compare tax structures in various countries and how the people are impacted.

SS 7.2.5 Analyze information using appropriate data to draw conclusions about the total production, income, and economic growth in various economies.

SS 7.2.5.a Define the government's role in various economic systems.

For example: democratic governments' impact on capitalism and dictators' impact on command economies, tobacco industry and how rules come about in the US vs. tobacco industry in Cuba

SS. 7.2.5.b Identify various economic indicators that governments use to measure modern world societies, nations, and cultures.

For example: Explore consumption, government spending, business investment, balance of trade, exports, imports, life expectancy, literacy rates, income, etc.

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SS 7.2.5.c Categorize goods and services provided in modern societies, nations, and cultures into the four factors of production.

For example: Identify the four factors of production (land, labor, capital, and entrepreneurship) and how they manifest in a diverse way from culture to culture and over time.

**Global Economy**

SS 7.2.6 Illustrate how international trade impacts individuals, organizations, and nations/societies.

SS 7.2.6.a Explain how individuals gain through specialization and voluntary trade and how international trade affects the domestic economy.

For example: Business owners are able to explore the world to find labor sources that help maximize profit. Many of the economies of the Americas owe their establishment and success to the development and processing of sugar cane. Corporations chartered for colonial settlement: Dutch East India Company, Virginia Company, etc.

**Geography**

**Location and Place**

SS 7.3.1 Not addressed at this level

**Regions**

SS 7.3.2 Evaluate how regions form and change over time.

SS 7.3.2.a Classify physical and human characteristics of places and regions.

For example: climate, landforms, languages, religions

SS 7.3.2.b Interpret the impact of land and water features on human decisions.

For example: location of settlements and transportation with respect to physical features

SS 7.3.2.c Identify how humans construct major world regions and the impact on human societies.

For example: geographic factors that influence international relationships and economic development-trade, communication, transportation, infrastructure

**Human Environment Interaction**

SS 7.3.3 Determine how the natural environment is changed by natural and human forces and how humans adapt to their surroundings.

SS 7.3.3.a Explain the impact of natural processes on human and physical environments.

For example: temperature, precipitation, drought, earthquakes, tornadoes, floods, hurricanes, volcanic eruptions, mudslides

Nebraska Social Studies Standards  
SS 7.3.3.b Research and describe how humans have utilized and adapted to their physical environment.

For example: rivers, floods, precipitation, drought, use of natural resources

### **Movement**

SS 7.3.4 Examine and interpret patterns of culture around the world.

SS 7.3.4.a Compare and contrast characteristics of groups of people/settlements.

For example: elements of culture including languages, religions, foods, arts, clothing, education, etc.

SS 7.3.4.b Develop a logical process to describe how cultural diffusion occurs and how the diffusion of ideas impacts cultures.

For example: migration, conquering, trade

### **Geospatial Skills and Geo-literacy**

SS 7.3.5 Compare issues and/or events using geographic knowledge and skills to make informed decisions.

SS 7.3.5.a Classify the physical or human factors that explain the geographic patterns of world events.

For example: Use maps/charts/diagrams/timelines/mapping technology to track and analyze historical changes over space and time (spread of religious groups, spatial connections through trade or political arrangement).

SS 7.3.5.b Develop geographic representations and analyze the role of geographic physical and human factors in determining the arrangement of economic activity and patterns of human settlement.

For example: geographic concentration of manufacturing, banking, or industries, urbanization, availability of arable land, water and suitable climate for farming, access to resources for development

## **History**

### **Continuity, Change, and Context**

SS 7.4.1 Compare patterns of continuity and change over time in world history.

SS 7.4.1.a Analyze the impact of people, events, and ideas, including various cultures and ethnic groups, on the world.

For example: Songhai, Mali, Gupta Empire, Han Dynasty, Hinduism, Taoism, Buddhism, Judaism, Christianity, Islam, Sikhism, Silk Road, Trans-Saharan Trade, Incas, Mayans, Aztecs

SS 7.4.1.b Analyze the impact of historical events in the world using symbols, maps, documents, and artifacts.

For example: trade routes

**Multiple Perspectives**

SS 7.4.2 Use multiple perspectives to examine the historical, social, and cultural context of past and current events.

SS 7.4.2.a Analyze evidence from multiple perspectives and sources to better understand the complexities of world history.

For example: caste system, partition of India, Ibn Battuta, Zheng He, Marco Polo, Mansa Musa, Mongol Empire, Berlin Conference, Arab-Israeli Conflict, Latin American revolutions, Columbian Exchange

SS 7.4.2.b Compare and contrast primary and secondary sources to better understand multiple perspectives of the same event.

For example: foundational texts of world religions

SS 7.4.3 Examine historical events from the perspectives of marginalized and underrepresented groups.

SS 7.4.3.a Identify how differing experiences can lead to the development of perspectives.

For example: religious, ethnic and racial groups

SS 7.4.3.b Interpret perspectives of marginalized and underrepresented regions around the world.

For example: civilizations from all regions of the world

**Historical Analysis and Interpretation**

SS 7.4.4 Analyze and interpret sources for perspective and historical context.

SS 7.4.4.a Compare and contrast primary and secondary sources of history.

For example: Compare eyewitness accounts of the Black Death with contemporary medical understandings.

SS 7.4.4.b Identify the cause and effect relationships among historical events in the world and relevant contemporary issues.

For example: migrations, declarations of war, treaties, alliances, epidemics

**Historical Inquiry and Research Skills**

SS 7.4.5 Apply the inquiry process to construct and answer historical questions.

SS 7.4.5.a Construct and answer inquiry questions using multiple historical sources.

For example: Students engage in inquiry and gather evidence to provide a response.

SS 7.4.5.b Evaluate and cite appropriate sources for research about world history, including primary and secondary sources.

For example: Interpret primary and secondary sources to address the inquiry. Demonstrate ethical use of information and copyright guidelines by appropriately quoting or paraphrasing from a text and citing the source using available resources.

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SS 7.4.5.c Gather, analyze, and communicate historical information about the world from multiple sources.

For example: document archives, artifacts, newspapers, interviews, pictures, posters, oral/written narratives, and electronic presentation

## Grade 8

### **Grade Level Summary and Theme**

*United States History:* In eighth grade, students develop a new, more abstract level of understanding of social studies concepts. The context for developing this understanding is U.S. history and government. After reviewing the Colonial foundations of what became the United States, students explore the ideas, issues, and events from the adoption of the United States Constitution through the Gilded Age. Study of the founding of the United States allows students to explore the development of the United States' unique institutions of government, civic ideals, geography and economy.

### **Civics**

#### **Forms and Functions of Government**

SS 8.1.1 Investigate and analyze the foundation, structure, and functions of the United States government.

SS 8.1.1.a Identify and describe the different systems of government.  
For example: Monarchy, Federal, Confederate, Unitary, Tribal, corporate

SS 8.1.1.b Analyze the structure and roles of the United States government in meeting the needs of the citizens governed, managing conflict, and establishing order and security.  
For example: Chinese Exclusion Act, Fugitive Slave Laws, 13th, 14th, 15th Amendments, antitrust laws, Homestead Act, Indian Removal Act

SS 8.1.1.c Examine the development of foundational laws and other documents in the United States government.  
For example: Declaration of Independence, United States Constitution, Preamble, Bill of Rights

SS 8.1.1.d Evaluate how various United States government decisions impact people, place, and history.  
For example: taxation, distribution of resources, acquisition of territories, Trail of Tears, Indian Removal Act, Dred Scott decision, treaties, Louisiana Purchase, census, Civil War, War of 1812, Mexican-American War

SS 8.1.1.e Describe how important government principles are shown in American government.  
For example: freedom, individual rights, representative democracy, equality, rule of law, popular sovereignty, justice, tribal sovereignty

SS 8.1.1.f Analyze the development and significance of political parties in the United States.  
For example: Federalists and Antifederalists

**Civic Participation**

SS 8.1.2 Evaluate the roles, responsibilities, and rights as local, state, national, and international citizens.

SS 8.1.2.a Demonstrate ways individuals participate in the political process.

For example: registering and voting, elections, contacting government officials, campaign involvement, demonstrating ethical use of information

SS 8.1.2.b Analyze the significance of patriotic symbols, songs and activities in terms of historical, social, and cultural contexts.

For example: Pledge of Allegiance, "The Star-Spangled Banner," "America the Beautiful," recognition of Memorial Day, Independence Day, Veterans Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Constitution Day, Patriot's Day - 9/11, Native American Heritage Day, tribal flag songs

SS 8.1.2.c Demonstrate civic engagement.

For example: engaging in service learning projects, volunteerism, student government participation, participation in simulations of democratic processes (mock trials, elections, etc.), USCIS Citizenship test, communicating through civil discourse

SS 8.1.2.d Describe how cooperation and conflict among people have contributed to political, economic, and social events and situations in the United States.

For example: Louisiana Purchase, Civil War, Civil Disobedience, NAACP movement, women's movement, slave rebellions, Jim Crow laws

SS 8.1.2.e Compare and contrast the roles and influences of individuals, groups, and the media on American government.

For example: Seneca Falls Convention, Underground Railroad, Horace Greeley, Harriet Beecher Stowe, Jane Addams, Muckrakers, Booker T. Washington, Chief Standing Bear, Susan La Flesche

**Economics**

**Economic Decision Making**

SS 8.2.1 Not addressed at this level

**Financial Literacy**

SS 8.2.2 Understand personal and business financial management.

SS 8.2.2.a Identify skills for future financial success.

For example: Identify key terms associated with budgeting, credit, savings, credit score, investing, fraud, and risk management.

SS 8.2.2.b Understand tools, strategies, and systems used to maintain, monitor, control, and plan the use of financial resources.

For example: Analyze the impact of credit on an individual's ability to acquire goods and services, charitable contributions.

**Exchange and Markets**

SS 8.2.3 Not addressed at this level

**National Economy**

SS 8.2.4 Justify and debate economic decisions made by North American societies.

SS 8.2.4.a Research the origins and development of the economic system, banks, and financial institutions in the United States.

For example: Examine the work of Alexander Hamilton and his influence on the banking system in the U.S. economy.

SS 8.2.4.b Explain how tax revenues are collected and distributed.

For example: Review the Constitution to understand the roles of each branch in establishing a national budget and how the separation of powers is structured.

SS 8.2.4.c Describe the progression of money and its role in early United States history.

For example: Identify what forms of currency/bartering were used as a medium for exchange among various Native American tribes. Examine what services and regulations were established during the Progressive Era as urban areas' populations boomed. Examine the National Banking Act of 1863.

**Global Economy**

SS 8.2.5 Illustrate how international trade impacts individuals, organizations, and nations.

SS 8.2.5.a Explain that currency must be converted to make purchases in other countries.

For example: Trace the conversion of products and currency between the French and the indigenous tribes of the Midwest.

SS 8.2.5.b Recognize how trade barriers impact the prices and quantity of goods.

For example: Examine the impact of the Sugar and Molasses Act of 1733 and the Stamp Act of 1765.

**Geography**

**Location and Place**

SS 8.3.1 Not addressed at this level

**Regions**

SS 8.3.2 Examine how regions form and change over time.

SS 8.3.2.a Evaluate physical and human characteristics of places and regions.

For example: climate, landforms, religious groups, ethnic groups

SS 8.3.2.b Determine the impact of land and water features on human decisions.

For example: location of settlements and transportation with respect to physical features

SS 8.3.2.c Identify and justify how humans develop major world regions and the impact on human societies.

For example: geographic factors that influence international relationships and economic development-trade, communication, transportation, infrastructure

**Human Environment Interaction**

SS 8.3.3 Determine how the natural environment is changed by natural and human forces and how humans adapt to their surroundings.

SS 8.3.3.a Interpret the impact of natural processes on human and physical environments.

For example: precipitation, drought, earthquakes, tornadoes, floods, hurricanes, volcanic eruptions, mudslides

SS 8.3.3.b Analyze how humans have utilized and adapted to their physical environment.

For example: rivers, wetlands, forests, treeless plains, precipitation, drought

**Movement**

SS 8.3.4 Not addressed at this level

**Geospatial Skills and Geo-literacy**

SS 8.3.5 Not addressed at this level

**History**

**Continuity, Change, and Context**

SS 8.4.1 Analyze patterns of continuity and change over time in United States history.

SS 8.4.1.a Evaluate the impact of people, events, and ideas, including various cultures and ethnic groups, on the United States.

For example: Columbian Exchange, European colonization and Native American response, Colonial America, Great Awakening, Benjamin Franklin, George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, establishing a nation, Manifest Destiny, Indian Removal Act, slavery, expansion and reform, Dred Scott decision, secession, Abraham Lincoln, Civil War and Reconstruction, Standing Bear, rise of corporations, growth of organized labor, assembly line, immigration, industrialization John Deere, Thomas Edison, Alexander Graham Bell, George Washington Carver, democratic ideals, patriotism, citizen's rights

SS 8.4.1.b Evaluate the impact of historical events in the United States using symbols, maps, documents, and artifacts.

For example: founders and founding documents, national symbols

**Multiple Perspectives**

SS 8.4.2 Use multiple perspectives to evaluate the historical, social, and cultural context of past and current events.

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SS 8.4.2.a Compare and interpret evidence from multiple perspectives and sources to better understand the complexities of US history.

For example: Dawes Act, Santee Mankato Executions (Dakota Uprising), Chinese Exclusion Act, Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, Reconstruction Acts and Amendments, The Emancipation Proclamation, organized labor, Women's Suffrage Movement

SS 8.4.2.b Evaluate the relevancy, accuracy, and completeness of primary and secondary sources to better understand multiple perspectives of the same event.

For example: The Bill of Rights, slavery, Gettysburg Address, "The New Colossus" poem

SS 8.4.3 Examine historical events from the perspectives of marginalized and underrepresented groups.

SS 8.4.3.a Identify how differing experiences can lead to the development of perspectives.

For example: Compare primary accounts by American Indian peoples and American settlers regarding the expansion of the United States.

SS 8.4.3.b Interpret how and why marginalized and underrepresented groups and/or individuals might understand historical events similarly or differently.

For example: Compare how differing Native American groups and Spanish-speaking peoples responded to the Indian Removal Act and the Mexican-American War.

***Historical Analysis and Interpretation***

SS 8.4.4 Evaluate and interpret sources for perspective and historical context.

SS 8.4.4.a Compare and contrast primary and secondary sources of history.

For example: Compare what texts say about Wounded Knee Massacre to Black Elk's account of the same event.

SS 8.4.4.b Evaluate the relationships among historical events in the United States and relevant contemporary issues.

For example: political party platforms, continuing debates about role of government

***Historical Inquiry and Research Skills***

SS 8.4.5 Apply the inquiry process to construct and answer historical questions.

SS 8.4.5.a Identify areas of inquiry by using student-generated questions about multiple historical sources.

For example: Why is the Gettysburg Address considered an important statement of American national ideals?

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SS 8.4.5.b Locate, analyze, and cite appropriate sources for research about United States history, including primary and secondary sources.

For example: classroom texts, Gettysburg Address, tribal treaties, major online historical archives like Library of Congress, National Archives, and local and state archives

SS 8.4.5.c Gather, analyze, and communicate historical information about United States history from multiple sources.

For example: primary sources, secondary sources, popular media, scholarly perspectives

## High School Civics

### **Summary**

In a constitutional republic, productive civic engagement requires knowledge about the functions of state and local government, courts and legal systems, the U.S. Constitution, other nations' systems and practices, and international institutions. Civics is not limited to the study of politics and society; it also encompasses participation in classrooms and schools, neighborhood, groups, and organizations using civic virtues and principles to guide that participation (which includes the discussion of issues and making choices and judgments with information and evidence, civility and respect, and concern for fair procedures). Civics enables students not only to study how others participate but also to practice participating and taking informed action themselves.

### ***Forms and Functions of Government***

SS HS.1.1 Analyze the foundation, structures, and functions of the United States government as well as local, state, and international governments.

SS HS.1.1.a Examine the historical foundation that influenced the creation of the United States Constitution.

For example: philosophers, social contract theory, natural rights, Constitutional Convention, Federalist, and Anti-Federalist Papers, Iroquois Confederation, and the imbalance of representation

SS HS.1.1.b Evaluate the structure of American constitutional government.

For example: federalism, democracy, representative government, branches of the government, separation of powers, checks and balances, amendment process, concurrent/enumerated/implied powers, electoral college, Bill of Rights, Reconstruction amendments, Prohibition, women's vote

SS HS.1.1.c Analyze the functions of United States government and its outcomes.

For example: national security, legislative law-making, executive implementation, judicial interpretation, constitutionalism, taxation, naturalization of citizens, environmental implications

SS HS.1.1.d Analyze the foundation, structures, and functions of local government and its outcomes.

For example: city council, school board, county government, regional boards, grassroots, local organizations, community organizations

SS HS.1.1.e Analyze the foundation, structures, and functions of state government and its outcomes.

For example: bicameral/unicameral, reapportionment/redistricting, branches of government, judiciary process, penal system

SS HS.1.1.f Analyze the foundation, structures, and functions of supranational organizations.

For example: United Nations, NATO, European Union, treaties, trade organizations, Native American Treaties

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SS HS.1.1.g Analyze the roles that political parties have played in the United States.

For example: Republican Party - Civil War, Populist Party - Progressive movement, Democratic Party - New Deal, Southern Strategy- Dixiecrats, emergence of the Tea Party Movement, hyperpartisanship

SS HS.1.1.h Analyze United States foreign policy issues.

For example: methods, approaches, events, and their outcomes on various groups of people

**Civic Participation**

SS HS.1.2 Demonstrate meaningful civic participation by analyzing local, state, national, or international issues and policies.

SS HS.1.2.a Investigate how individuals and groups can effectively use the structure and functions of various levels of government to shape policy.

For example: lobbying, voting, contacting government officials, petitioning, civil disobedience, tribal voting, tribal government officials, analyze past voting patterns and discuss methods to increase participation in voting

SS HS.1.2.b Analyze and communicate the significance and impacts of patriotic symbols, songs, holidays, and activities in terms of historical, social, and cultural contexts.

For example: Pledge of Allegiance, "The Star-Spangled Banner," "America the Beautiful," Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day and "I Have a Dream" speech, George Washington's Birthday, Abraham Lincoln's Birthday, Presidents Day, Native American Heritage Day, Constitution Day, Memorial Day, Veterans Day, and Thanksgiving Day, 4th of July, Hispanic Heritage month, tribal flag songs

SS HS.1.2.c Engage and reflect on participation in civic activities.

For example: discussing current issues, advocating for personal rights and the rights of others, influencing governmental actions, participating in civil discourse, registering for selective service, registering to vote, and voting when reaching the age of majority, participating in community improvement activities, service learning

SS HS.1.2.d Investigate an issue and communicate which level of government is most appropriate to utilize in addressing the issue.

For example: students communicate through an editorial, public service announcement, pamphlet, public presentation, tribal council, community entities

SS HS.1.2.e Demonstrate how individuals, groups, and the media check governmental practices.

For example: Watergate, Civil Rights movement, Suffrage movement

SS HS.1.2.f Analyze various media sources for accuracy and perspective.

For example: news media literacy, online civic reasoning

Nebraska Social Studies Standards  
**High School Economics**

**Summary**

Effective economic decision making requires that students have a keen understanding of the ways in which individuals, businesses, governments, and societies make decisions to allocate human capital, physical capital, and natural resources among alternative uses. This economic reasoning process involves the consideration of costs and benefits with the ultimate goal of making decisions that will enable individuals and societies to be as well-off as possible. The study of economics provides students with the concepts and tools necessary for an economic way of thinking and helps students understand the interaction of buyers and sellers in markets, workings of the national economy, and interactions within the global marketplace. Economics is grounded in knowledge about how people choose to use resources. Economic understanding helps individuals, businesses, governments, and societies choose what resources to allocate to work, to school, and to leisure; how many dollars to spend, and how many to save; and how to make informed decisions in a wide variety of contexts. Economic reasoning and skillful use of economic tools draw upon a strong base of knowledge about human capital, land, investments, money, income and production, taxes, and government expenditures. To be effective participants in our representative democracy, students need an understanding of economics.

***Economic Decision Making***

SS HS.2.1 Apply economic concepts that support rational decision making.

SS HS.2.1.a Make decisions by systematically considering alternatives and consequences through the use of cost benefit analysis.

For example: PACED decision making model (Problem, Alternatives, Criteria, Evaluate, Decision); Some potential topics could include options for energy sources, center pivot irrigation, oil pipeline through Nebraska, use of pesticides and fertilizers. Decisions made by businesses and social issues including corporate social responsibility programs, green energy, living wage, paid parental leave, equal pay, social entrepreneurship (businesses that aim to solve social problems).

SS HS.2.1.b Assess the incentives for investing in personal education, skills, and talents.

For example: Research returns to education, look at cost of education, and compare to earnings; costs of returning to small towns vs. cities

***Financial Literacy***

SS HS.2.2 Develop a plan to support short- and long-term goals.

SS HS.2.2.a Develop a budget using a financial record keeping tool.

For example: Mint.com, spreadsheet, Quicken, journal on paper

SS HS.2.2.b Compare and contrast different types of banking accounts and features.

For example: checking, savings, money market, CDs

SS HS.2.2.c Assess the effects of taxes on personal income.

For example: state income tax, federal income tax, social security, property tax, sales tax, etc.

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SS HS.2.2.d Compare and contrast possible career choices.

SS HS.2.3 Critique strategies used to establish, build, maintain, monitor, and control credit.

SS HS.2.3.a Compare and contrast the costs and benefits of different types and sources of credit and debt.

For example: credit card interest rates, personal loans rates, mortgage rates, student loan rates, etc.

SS HS.2.3.b Investigate strategies to effectively manage debt and factors that influence credit ratings.

For example: Credit cards, auto loans, mortgages, extended warranties

SS HS.2.4 Evaluate savings, investment, and risk management strategies to achieve financial goals.

SS HS.2.4.a Explain the importance of saving and investing early to ensure financial security.

For example: compound interest, use rule of 72, time value of money

SS HS.2.4.b Develop an investment strategy to achieve short- and long-term goals utilizing a variety of investment vehicles.

For example: stocks, bonds, mutual funds, retirement plans, investment in education including analysis of student loans, average income of job, and repayment of loan, investment in homeownership vs. rental

SS HS.2.4.c Examine appropriate and cost effective risk management strategies.

For example: health, disability, life, auto insurance, personal identity protection, extended warranties, fraud protection

### **Exchange and Markets**

HS.2.5 Explain the role of markets in determining prices and allocating scarce goods and services.

SS HS.2.5.a Summarize the role of competition, markets, and prices.

For example: Use product and factor market/circular flow; compare market structures (perfect competition to monopoly)

SS HS.2.5.b Illustrate how markets determine changing equilibrium prices through supply and demand analysis.

For example: changes in demand and supply, changes in quantity demanded and quantity supplied

SS HS.2.5.c Hypothesize how competition between sellers could result in lower prices, higher quality products, and better customer service.

For example: Look at businesses in the monopolistic market structure - competing for consumer dollars, trying to earn your business.

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SS HS.2.5.d Investigate possible causes and consequences of shortages and surpluses.

For example: use current events and public policy - rent control and minimum wage, etc.

**National Economy**

SS HS.2.6 Explain how economic institutions impact different individuals and various groups.

SS HS.2.6.a Explain how various economic institutions have played a role in United States economic policy and practice.

For example: corporations, labor unions, financial institutions, stock markets, cooperatives, small business and entrepreneurs, and business partnerships

SS HS.2.6.b Calculate and describe the impact of economic indicators.

For example: trends and business cycles using GDP, unemployment rates including frictional, structural, cyclical, inflation/deflation rates

SS HS.2.6.c Describe the functions and role of the Federal Reserve System and its influence through monetary policy.

For example: balancing inflation and unemployment, and how banks and a sound monetary system are critical to a functioning economy

SS HS.2.7 Assess the roles of institutions such as clearly defined property rights and the rule of law in a market economy.

SS HS.2.7.a Assess how property rights are defined, enforced, and limited by government.

For example: contracts and the rule of law, zoning laws, eminent domain, Homestead Act, copyright laws, patents, and intellectual property

SS HS.2.8 Compare and contrast the roles and responsibilities of government and differing outcomes from various economic systems: command/communism, mixed, socialism, market, and traditional economic systems.

SS HS.2.8.a Examine how governments utilize taxation to provide goods and services to society.

For example: disaster relief, flood control, military and armed forces, ownership of resources

SS HS.2.8.b Evaluate the effectiveness of government policies altering market outcomes.

For example: Use economic theory to analyze current events and public policy. Compare and contrast farm subsidies and corporate incentives.

SS HS.2.8.c Critique government policies and regulations in areas of market failure.

For example: monopolies, externalities, non-enforcement of property rights

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SS HS.2.9 Examine the government's influence on economic systems through fiscal policy.

SS HS.2.9.a Explore various forms of taxation including income, sales, and capital gains and examine how governments can use taxing and spending policies to influence behavior.

For example: alcohol tax, home mortgage interest deduction, sales tax, etc.

SS HS.2.9.b Examine the impact of fiscal policy on budget deficits/surpluses and national debt.

For example: Spending resources to service the debt impacts opportunities for using the funds for other needs.

**Global Economy**

SS HS.2.10 Investigate how international trade affects individuals, organizations, the domestic economy, and other nations.

SS HS.2.10.a Explore comparative advantage among different countries.

For example: research on what different countries produce when they specialize in those products

SS HS.2.10.b Analyze the impact on prices and quantities of various trade policies, both domestically and internationally.

For example: tariffs, quotas, protectionist policies, and the resulting changes in price and quantity; research NAFTA and/or Brexit.

Nebraska Social Studies Standards  
**High School Geography**

**Summary**

To succeed in an increasingly interconnected world, Nebraska's next generation of citizens will need to be fluent in spatial knowledge. Geography at the high school level prepares students to understand the world and their place in it. Beyond merely knowing "Where?" the geographically minded person will be better equipped to answer the question of "Why there?" An integrative study of our planet's human and physical features will involve 21st century technologies and inquiry-based research methods. This approach will expand students' geographic knowledge and enable them to think critically about problems. Through analysis of spatial patterns and relationships over time and place, students will be better able to make sense of both the past and present, and be well equipped to address society's future needs.

***Location and Place***

SS HS.3.1 Evaluate where (spatial) and why people, places, and environments are organized on the Earth's surface.

SS HS.3.1.a Determine spatial organization of human settlements in relation to natural features.

For example: population density and distribution, world climate regions, city categorization, natural resource deposits, agricultural hearths, croplands, structure of communities, highway and rail networks

SS HS.3.1.b Analyze and explain changes in spatial patterns as a result of the interactions among human and physical processes.

For example: major world physical features (mountains, seas, rivers), patterns of human settlement on local, regional, national, and global scale, governmental systems, economic systems, site and situation, Weber's Least Cost Theory, Von Thunen Model of Land Use

***Regions***

SS HS.3.2 Evaluate how regions form and change over time.

SS HS.3.2.a Analyze physical and human processes that shape places and regions.

For example: historical influences, current events, natural disasters, climate change, conflicts, natural processes (erosion, plate tectonics), relationships and connections

SS HS.3.2.b Examine the importance of places and regions to individual and social identity and how identities change over space and time.

For example: popular cultural traits, folk cultural traits, national monuments and folklore, nationalism, ethnicity, migration, urbanization, demographic transition model, industrial development, toponymy (place names), regional identity (Corn Belt, Heartland, Homeland)

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### SS HS.3.2.c Evaluate the interdependence of places and regions.

For example: models of industrial and economic development, new international division of labor, supranational organizations (The United Nations, Association of Southeast Asian Nations [ASEAN], or The European Union), globalization, popular culture, international trade agreements, patterns of human migration, alliances, Paris Climate Agreement, central place theory

### **Human-Environment Interactions**

SS HS.3.3 Analyze how the natural environment and cultural landscape are transformed by natural and human forces and interpret how humans adapt to their surroundings.

#### SS HS.3.3.a Explain components of Earth's physical systems and evaluate the impact of natural processes on human environments.

For example: atmosphere, lithosphere, biosphere, and hydrosphere, plate tectonics/continental drift, global ocean systems, atmospheric systems, natural disasters, Earth's orbit, seasonal changes in ice coverage, greenhouse effect

#### SS HS.3.3.b Evaluate how humans have utilized and adapted to their physical environment.

For example: renewable and non-renewable resources, the cultural landscape, natural disasters (hurricanes, wildfires), environmental technological adaptations (air conditioning, skyways, insulation), synthetic materials, human modifications to physical environment, conservation and environmentalism, Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO), agricultural revolutions, transportation networks, industrial revolutions, Von Thunen Model of Land Use, deforestation, desertification

### **Movement**

SS HS.3.4 Compare and contrast patterns of human populations and culture over space and time on a local, national, and global scale.

#### SS HS.3.4.a Compare trends in human migration, urbanization, and demographic composition at a local, national, and global scale over time and short-term and long-term causes and effects.

For example: urban models, Demographic Transition Model, rural organization (long lot, metes and bounds, township and range), rural to urban migration, Human Development Index, Borchert's Epochs, trends locally, nationally, and globally over time, migration push and pull factors, effects of migration on both the source regions and destinations, More Developed Countries (MDCs) and Less Developed Countries (LDCs), demography

#### SS HS.3.4.b Examine the spread of cultural traits and the potential benefits and challenges of cultural diffusion, economic development, and globalization.

For example: cultural convergence and divergence, universalizing and ethnic religions, competition between multinational corporations and local businesses, folk cultures and popular cultures, spread of ideas (such as economic ideals, ideas on government, gender norms), diffusion of medical knowledge and impact on demographics, agricultural and industrial revolutions, models of economic development, the cultural landscape, Third Agricultural Revolution (Green Revolution), internet connectivity and cell phone networks, lingua franca, hypernationalism

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SS HS.3.4.c Analyze the relationships of sovereign nations and the role of multinational organizations on conflict and cooperation both between and within countries.

For example: impacts of membership in multinational organizations and agreements, treaties, resource and technology exchanges, Heartland and Rimland Theory, demarcation of borders, territorial morphology

**Geospatial Skills and Geo-literacy**

SS HS.3.5 Evaluate issues and/or events using geographic knowledge and geospatial skills to make informed decisions.

SS HS.3.5.a Apply geographic knowledge and skills to interpret the past and present in order to plan for the future.

For example: developing a geographic question, acquiring and organizing data/information, performing analysis, presenting findings, and developing action plan

SS HS.3.5.b Analyze how geospatial skills and geo-literacy are applied to improve standards of living and solve problems.

For example: Examine how geospatial technologies (such as GIS [Geographic Information Systems] and remote sensing) and geographic knowledge (such as geopolitics) can be applied to better understand the world, address issues, and make spatial decisions (such as determining market potential, optimum usage of irrigation and fertilizers, or mapping public health outbreaks to determine source).

SS HS.3.5.c Evaluate geographical information sources for applications, credibility, and appropriateness in displaying spatial data.

For example: use maps (paper, digital, and mental), atlases, Global Positioning System (GPS), Geographic Information Systems (GIS), remote sensing, and forms of quantitative/qualitative data, analyze a map to determine appropriate use of scale, evaluate strengths and weaknesses of different map projections

Nebraska Social Studies Standards  
**High School History**

**Summary**

History involves acquiring knowledge about significant events, developments, individuals, groups, documents, places, and ideas to support investigations about the past. Acquiring relevant knowledge requires assembling information from a wide variety of sources in an integrative process. Developing historical knowledge in connection with historical investigations not only helps students better remember the content because it has meaning, but also allows students to become better critical thinkers. High school history courses emphasize historical thinking. Historical thinking requires understanding and evaluating change and continuity over time, and making appropriate use of historical evidence in answering questions and developing arguments about the past. It involves going beyond simply asking, "What happened when?" to evaluating why and how events occurred and developments unfolded. It involves locating and assessing historical sources of many different types to understand the contexts of given historical eras and the perspectives of different individuals and groups within geographic units that range from the local to the global. Historical thinking is a process of chronological reasoning, which means wrestling with issues of causality, connections, significance, and context with the goal of developing credible explanations of historical events and developments based on reasoned interpretation of evidence.

**United States History (Progressive Era – Present)**

***Change, Continuity and Context***

HS.4.1 (US) Analyze and evaluate patterns of continuity and change over time in American history.

SS HS.4.1.a (US) Evaluate the cause and effect of historical events on various groups in the United States.

For example: To which conditions were Progressives responding? Why did the United States enter World War I? What caused the Great Depression? What caused the interpretation of "separate but equal" to change over time?

SS HS.4.1.b (US) Select, record, and interpret key national events in chronological order.

For example: Progressive Era, Women's Suffrage, World War I, Great Migration, Great Depression and New Deal, Naziism, World War II, Holocaust, Cold War, Civil Rights Era, contemporary United States

SS HS.4.1.c (US) Evaluate the impact of people, events, and ideas, including various cultures and ethnic groups, on the United States.

For example: 19th Amendment, *Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka*, Dolores Huerta, desegregation of the military following WWII, March on Washington, Movement for the Restoration of Tribal Status, continuing struggle for equality

**Multiple Perspectives**

SS HS.4.2 (US) Analyze the complexity of the interaction of multiple perspectives to investigate causes and effects of significant events in the development of history.

SS HS.4.2.a (US) Identify and evaluate how considering multiple perspectives facilitates an understanding of history.

For example: Nineteenth Amendment, 1924 National Origins Act, Indian Reorganization Act of 1934, Bracero program, Civil Rights Movement

SS HS.4.2.b (US) Evaluate the relevancy, accuracy, and completeness of primary and secondary sources to better understand multiple perspectives of the same event.

For example: Theodore Roosevelt's New Nationalism and Woodrow Wilson's New Freedom, Indian Reorganization Act and responses from tribal leaders, differing strategies in the struggle to gain black equality

SS HS.4.3 (US) Examine historical events from the perspectives of marginalized and underrepresented groups.

SS HS.4.3.a (US) Identify how differing experiences can lead to the development of perspectives.

For example: religious, racial or ethnic groups, immigrants, women, LGBTQ persons, and Native American nations

SS HS.4.3.b (US) Interpret how and why marginalized and underrepresented groups and/or individuals might understand historical events similarly or differently.

For example: Immigration and Naturalization Act of 1965, Stonewall Riots, American Indian Movement, Equal Rights Amendment, Civil Rights Act of 1964, *West Virginia v. Barnette*, United Farm Workers

**Historical Analysis and Interpretation**

SS HS.4.4 (US) Evaluate sources for perspective, limitations, accuracy, and historical context.

SS HS.4.4.a (US) Compare, contrast, and critique the central arguments in primary and secondary sources of history from multiple media.

For example: written documents, radio broadcasts, news broadcasts, film, newspapers, photographs, oral histories, virtual museum exhibits

SS HS.4.4.b (US) Evaluate strengths and limitations of a variety of primary and secondary historical sources.

For example: Jane Addams on settlement houses, Franklin Roosevelt's "Four Freedoms" Speech, Martin Luther King, Jr.'s "Letter from Birmingham Jail," Equal Rights Amendment

SS HS.4.4.c (US) Determine the relationship between multiple causes and effects of events and developments in the past.

For example: patterns of immigration and migration, presidential leadership strategies, tactics among different civil rights organizations

SS HS.4.4.d (US) Synthesize the relationships among historical events in the United States and relevant contemporary issues.

For example: voting behavior, political party platforms, economic trends, place relevant current events in historical context, the relationship between Native Americans living on and off the reservation

***Historical Inquiry and Research***

SS HS.4.5 (US) Apply the inquiry process to construct and answer historical questions.

SS HS.4.5.a (US) Construct meaningful questions about topics in U.S. history.

For example: "Why did the United States enter World War I?"

SS HS.4.5.b (US) Locate, evaluate, and cite appropriate sources for research about selected topics in U.S. History, including primary and secondary sources.

For example: Examine speeches from President Woodrow Wilson leading up to World War I, examine internal communications within Wilson administration, examine press coverage of events leading up to American entry.

SS HS.4.5.c (US) Select, organize, and corroborate relevant historical information about selected topics in U.S. History.

For example: Compare the sources and determine an initial answer to the inquiry.

SS HS.4.5.d (US) Synthesize historical information to create new understandings.

For example: Compare the answer students have created to secondary sources and potentially revise students' answers.

SS HS.4.5.e (US) Communicate inquiry results within a historical context.

For example: Provide an evidence-based answer to the inquiry, "Why did the United States enter World War I?"

**World History (500 CE – Present)**

***Change, Continuity, and Context***

HS.4.1 (WLD) Analyze and evaluate patterns of continuity and change over time in world history.

SS HS.4.1.a (WLD) Evaluate the cause and effect of historical events in the world.

For example: How did the rise of totalitarianism lead to war?

SS HS.4.1.b (WLD) Select, record, and interpret key global events in chronological order.

For example: emergence of new states and cultures, increased inter-regional trade, colonization and expansion, global interactions, Industrialization, Age of Revolutions, Imperialism, global conflict, Holocaust, globalization, decolonization, Cold War, contemporary events

SS HS.4.1.c (WLD) Evaluate the impact of people, events, and ideas, including various cultures and ethnic groups, on the world.

For example: trade networks, empires, revolutions, treaties, warfare, diplomacy, migration and immigration

***Multiple Perspectives***

SS HS.4.2 (WLD) Analyze the complexity of the interaction of multiple perspectives to investigate causes and effects of significant events in the development of history.

SS HS.4.2.a (WLD) Identify and evaluate how considering multiple perspectives facilitates an understanding of history.

For example: Scramble for Africa and indigenous response, Arab-Israeli Conflict, French Revolution, Haitian Revolution

SS HS.4.2.b (WLD) Evaluate the relevancy, accuracy, and completeness of primary and secondary sources to better understand multiple perspectives of the same event.

For example: compare accounts from colonizers and colonized, impact of trade on different population groups

SS HS.4.3 (WLD) Examine historical events from the perspectives of diverse groups.

SS HS.4.3.a (WLD) Identify how differing experiences can lead to the development of perspectives.

For example: diverse groups of historical figures and examples from political, religious, and ethnic groups

SS HS.4.3.b (WLD) Interpret how and why diverse groups and/or individuals might understand historical events similarly or differently.

For example: diverse groups of historical actors and examples from national, religious, and ethnic groups

**Historical Analysis and Interpretation**

SS HS.4.4 (WLD) Evaluate sources for perspective, limitations, accuracy, and historical context.

SS HS.4.4.a (WLD) Compare, contrast, and critique the central arguments in primary and secondary sources of history from multiple media.

For example: written documents, radio broadcasts, news broadcasts, film, newspapers, photographs, oral histories, virtual museum exhibits, works of art

SS HS.4.4.b (WLD) Evaluate strengths and limitations of a variety of primary and secondary historical sources.

For example: written and visual documents

SS HS.4.4.c (WLD) Determine the relationship between multiple causes and effects of events and developments in the past.

For example: patterns of migration and immigration, wars, diplomacy, government structures, religious movements

SS HS.4.4.d (WLD) Synthesize the relationships among historical events in the world and relevant contemporary issues.

For example: current events from various international news sources

**Historical Inquiry and Research**

SS HS.4.5 (WLD) Apply the inquiry process to construct and answer historical questions.

SS HS.4.5.a (WLD) Construct meaningful questions that initiate an inquiry.

For example: "Can peace lead to war?"

SS HS.4.5.b (WLD) Locate, evaluate, and cite appropriate sources for research about selected topics in world history, including primary and secondary sources.

For example: Examine the Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations founding documents, examine maps from before and after treaty, examine contemporary responses to the treaty from a variety of countries.

SS HS.4.5.c (WLD) Select, organize, and corroborate relevant historical information about selected topics in world history.

For example: Compare the sources and determine an initial answer to the inquiry.

SS HS.4.5.d (WLD) Synthesize historical information to create new understandings.

For example: Compare the answer students have created to secondary sources and potentially revise students' answers.

SS HS.4.5.e (WLD) Communicate inquiry results within a historical context.

For example: Provide an evidence-based answer to the inquiry, "How do countries make decisions about war and peace?"